



Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of Maldives Transport and Contracting Company PLC

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Maldives Transport and Contracting Company PLC ("the Company"), and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary ("the Group") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

What we have audited

The financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group, which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022;
- the statement of profit or loss for the year then ended;
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

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Resident Partner Jatindra Bhattray FCA

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Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The Company and Group:

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the Key audit matter
Construction contract revenue Refer to the significant accounting policy notes 2.12 and 2.23 to the financial statements. The revenues from construction and dredging contracts are recognised over time. These contracts executed by the Company satisfy the related performance obligations over time and create /enhances assets that the customers have control over, as such assets are created / enhanced. The Group uses the input method to determine the amount of revenue to be recognised in a given period and the stage of completion is measured by reference to total cost incurred relative to total estimated cost. We focused on this area due to the significance of the revenue recognized during the year from construction and dredging contracts, which amounted to MVR 2,039,051,128 and because the percentage completion of ongoing contracts involved estimation of future costs for each of those contracts. Any error in judgment or intent while estimating future costs could result in an over/understatement of revenue and, therefore we identified the recognition of revenue from construction and dredging contracts as a key audit matter.	Specific work that we performed on the estimated contract costs used to calculate percentage completion of construction and dredging contracts determined by the management in the input method of revenue recognition included the following: - We understood the budgetary process for individual contracts, the inbuilt controls and checked the effectiveness of the relevant controls, over the process. - Checked the reliability of the budgeted costs by comparing the actual costs of selected contracts completed during the year with the respective budgets. - Checked the approved summary of contract budgets on a sample basis with reference to the detailed bills of quantity (BOQ), estimated labour hours and related costs and other overhead costs. Based on the work performed we found that the process followed by the Company to estimate future costs of contracts used to calculate percentage completion of construction and dredging contracts is reliable and the estimated costs are reasonable.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the Key audit matter
<i>Impairment of trade receivables, receivables from related parties, contract assets and retention receivable</i>	
Refer to significant accounting policy Note 2.10 (iv) and Note 3.1 to the financial statements.	Our audit procedures of this matter included the following:
As at 31 December 2022 the Group's trade receivables, receivables from related parties, contract assets and retention receivable amounted to MVR 1,124,595,238 before provision for impairment. These trade receivables, receivables from related parties, contract assets and retention receivable are measured at amortized cost using effective interest method. Impairment provision is recorded to adjust the balances to the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The provision for impairment of trade receivables, receivables from related parties, contract assets and retention receivable amounted to MVR 74,392,891 as at 31 December 2022.	- Tested the completeness of the trade receivables, receivables from related parties, contract assets and retention receivable considered in the impairment provision calculation by checking the arithmetical accuracy of the listing obtained and matching the outstanding balances with the general ledger.
Impairment provision is calculated using statistical methods and historical collection trends adjusted for forward looking information. Significant estimates and assumptions used by the management in such calculations and the basis for impairment allowance is disclosed in Note 3.1.	- Checked the accuracy of the data considering individual contract assets, retention receivable, receivables from related parties and trade receivable balances and the aging of such balances on a sample basis, to determine whether management's identification of assets requiring impairment allowance was appropriate.
We considered the calculation of impairment provision as a key audit matter as it is a complex area requiring management to make significant estimates and assumptions on customer payment behaviors and since the amount of impairment provision recognized in the financial statements is significant.	- We tested the key underlying assumptions used by evaluating the process by which those were drawn up and their sources. We also checked the sensitivity of the forward-looking information used in calculation of expected credit losses. - We checked the appropriateness of the methodology applied in the determination of impairment provision calculation by referencing to the requirements of <i>IFRS 9, Financial instruments; recognition and measurement</i>, and tested the worksheet formulas and logic including mathematical accuracy of management's model used to calculate the impairment provision.
	Based on the work performed we found the methodologies and assumptions used by the management to calculate impairment provision to be appropriate.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022 (but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), which we obtained prior to the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditors' report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary ("the Group"), management is responsible for assessing the Company's/ Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company/ Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's and the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's/Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the separate/ consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company/Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with the ethical requirements in accordance with IESBA Code of Ethics regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Jatindra Bhatray.

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11 May 2023

For PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS

Jatindra Bhatray
Partner

MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC
Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Statement of financial position

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Group		Company	
		Year ended 31 December		2022	2021
		2022	2021		
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	6	1,558,205,320	981,930,391	1,558,205,320	981,930,391
Investment properties	6.1	15,479,069	17,786,881	18,065,623	20,751,955
Right-of-use assets	6.2	98,532,252	84,538,116	98,532,252	84,538,116
Intangible assets	7	23,631,693	27,339,164	23,631,693	27,339,164
Investment in subsidiary	8.1	-	-	346,565	4,228,449
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	9	169,799,400	51,487,560	169,799,400	51,487,560
Deferred tax assets	10	72,266,110	78,856,017	72,266,110	78,856,017
Trade and other receivables	11	8,820,662	9,793,439	8,820,662	9,793,439
		<u>1,946,734,506</u>	<u>1,251,731,568</u>	<u>1,949,667,625</u>	<u>1,258,925,091</u>
Current assets					
Inventories	12	842,906,101	440,254,804	842,906,101	440,254,804
Trade and other receivables	11	1,220,170,933	1,072,839,601	1,222,921,572	1,071,096,917
Contract assets	11	334,814,048	331,167,352	334,814,048	331,167,352
Cash and cash equivalents	13	49,176,528	71,855,459	46,072,847	68,839,477
		<u>2,447,067,610</u>	<u>1,916,117,216</u>	<u>2,446,714,568</u>	<u>1,911,358,550</u>
Total assets		<u>4,393,802,116</u>	<u>3,167,848,784</u>	<u>4,396,382,193</u>	<u>3,170,283,641</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity					
Share capital	14	40,188,745	40,188,745	40,188,745	40,188,745
Share premium	14	173,151,693	173,151,693	173,151,693	173,151,693
General reserve	14	225,000,000	225,000,000	225,000,000	225,000,000
Fair value reserves	14	142,298,584	41,733,520	142,298,584	41,733,520
Retained earnings		1,078,080,497	902,507,053	1,080,667,050	905,472,125
Total equity		<u>1,658,719,519</u>	<u>1,382,581,011</u>	<u>1,661,306,072</u>	<u>1,385,546,083</u>
Liabilities					
Non-current liabilities					
Borrowings	15	376,833,026	173,354,886	376,833,026	173,354,886
Shareholder loan	16	92,259,901	129,094,335	92,259,901	129,094,335
Trade payables	17	114,858,676	90,248,352	114,858,676	90,248,352
Lease liabilities	6.2	83,142,566	68,036,649	83,142,566	68,036,649
Employee retirement benefit	17	33,481,400	33,456,728	33,481,400	33,456,728
		<u>700,575,569</u>	<u>494,190,950</u>	<u>700,575,569</u>	<u>494,190,950</u>
Current liabilities					
Borrowings	15	223,732,273	123,947,833	223,732,273	123,947,833
Shareholder loan	16	185,084,434	148,250,000	185,084,434	148,250,000
Lease liabilities	6.2	25,443,271	25,389,222	25,443,271	25,389,222
Trade and other payables	17	1,421,912,185	887,166,236	1,421,905,709	886,570,324
Income tax payable	22	57,286,227	65,891,226	57,286,227	65,956,923
Contract liabilities	17	121,048,638	40,432,306	121,048,638	40,432,306
		<u>2,034,507,028</u>	<u>1,291,076,823</u>	<u>2,034,500,552</u>	<u>1,290,546,608</u>
Total liabilities		<u>2,735,082,597</u>	<u>1,785,267,773</u>	<u>2,735,076,121</u>	<u>1,784,737,558</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>4,393,802,116</u>	<u>3,167,848,784</u>	<u>4,396,382,193</u>	<u>3,170,283,641</u>

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 11 May 2023

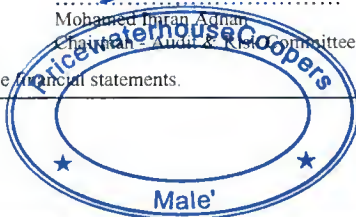
Waseem Akram
Chief Financial Officer

Adam Azim
Chief Executive Officer

Mohamed Imran Agman
Chairman - Audit & Risk Committee

Mohamed Faheem
Chairman - Board of Directors

The notes on pages 13 to 77 are an integral part of these financial statements.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

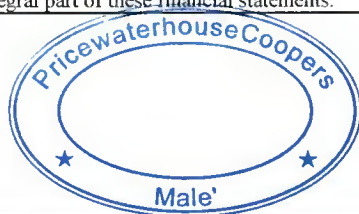
Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Statement of profit or loss

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

		Group		Company	
		Year ended 31 December			
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Note				
Revenue from contracts with customers	5	2,470,510,879	1,966,983,267	2,470,510,879	1,966,983,267
Cost of sales	19	(2,177,682,581)	(1,570,004,197)	(2,177,682,581)	(1,570,004,197)
Gross profit		292,828,298	396,979,070	292,828,298	396,979,070
Other income	18	405,819,737	183,168,617	409,578,608	183,168,617
Selling and marketing expenses	19	(12,328,836)	(9,763,164)	(12,328,836)	(9,763,164)
Administrative expenses	19	(323,702,684)	(212,595,472)	(324,081,204)	(212,973,992)
Impairment loss on financial / contract assets	19	-	(4,498,500)	-	(4,236,793)
Other operating expenses	19	(38,453,892)	(34,038,060)	(42,212,762)	(34,299,767)
Operating profit		324,162,623	319,252,491	323,784,104	318,873,971
Finance income	21	10,910,055	1,169,828	10,910,055	1,169,828
Finance costs	21	(105,540,721)	(48,600,038)	(105,540,721)	(48,600,038)
Profit before tax		229,531,957	271,822,281	229,153,438	271,443,761
Tax expense	22	(33,432,580)	(40,137,198)	(33,432,580)	(40,137,198)
Profit after tax for the year		196,099,377	231,685,083	195,720,858	231,306,563
Earnings per share	23	24.40	28.82	24.35	28.78

The notes on pages 13 to 77 are an integral part of these financial statements.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

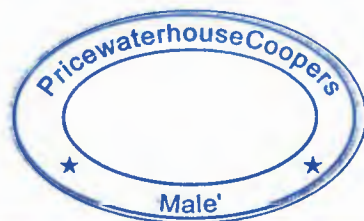
Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Statement of comprehensive income

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

		Group		Company	
		Year ended 31 December			
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Note				
Profit after tax for the year		196,099,377	231,685,083	195,720,858	231,306,563
Other comprehensive income:					
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>					
Re-measurements of retirement benefit obligations	17	8,948,458	6,781,255	8,948,458	6,781,255
Changes in the fair value of equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	9	118,311,840	4,381,920	118,311,840	4,381,920
Related tax	10	(19,089,045)	(1,674,476)	(19,089,045)	(1,674,476)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		108,171,253	9,488,699	108,171,253	9,488,699
Total comprehensive income for the year		304,270,630	241,173,782	303,892,111	240,795,262

The notes on pages 13 to 77 are an integral part of these financial statements.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC
Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Statement of changes in equity - Group

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Share capital	Share premium	General reserve	Fair value reserves	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at 1 January 2021		40,188,745	173,151,693	225,000,000	38,008,888	689,171,150	1,165,520,476
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	231,685,083	231,685,083
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	3,724,632	5,764,067	9,488,699
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	3,724,632	237,449,150	241,173,782
Transactions with the owners							
Dividend declared	25	-	-	-	-	(24,113,247)	(24,113,247)
		-	-	-	-	(24,113,247)	(24,113,247)
Balance at 31 December 2021		40,188,745	173,151,693	225,000,000	41,733,520	902,507,053	1,382,581,011
Balance at 1 January 2022		40,188,745	173,151,693	225,000,000	41,733,520	902,507,053	1,382,581,011
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	196,099,377	196,099,377
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	100,565,064	7,606,189	108,171,253
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	100,565,064	203,705,566	304,270,630
Transactions with the owners							
Dividend declared	25	-	-	-	-	(28,132,122)	(28,132,122)
		-	-	-	-	(28,132,122)	(28,132,122)
Balance at 31 December 2022		40,188,745	173,151,693	225,000,000	142,298,584	1,078,080,497	1,658,719,519

The notes on pages 13 to 77 are an integral part of these financial statements.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC
Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Statement of changes in equity - Company

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Share capital	Share premium	General reserve	Fair value reserves	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at 1 January 2021		40,188,745	173,151,693	225,000,000	38,008,888	692,514,742	1,168,864,068
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	231,306,563	231,306,563
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	3,724,632	5,764,067	9,488,699
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	3,724,632	237,070,630	240,795,262
Transactions with the owners							
Dividend declared	25	-	-	-	-	(24,113,247)	(24,113,247)
Balance at 31 December 2021		40,188,745	173,151,693	225,000,000	41,733,520	905,472,125	1,385,546,083
Balance at 1 January 2022		40,188,745	173,151,693	225,000,000	41,733,520	905,472,125	1,385,546,083
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	195,720,858	195,720,858
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	100,565,064	7,606,189	108,171,253
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	100,565,064	203,327,047	303,892,111
Transactions with the owners							
Dividend declared	25	-	-	-	-	(28,132,122)	(28,132,122)
Balance at 31 December 2022		40,188,745	173,151,693	225,000,000	142,298,584	1,080,667,050	1,661,306,072

The notes on pages 13 to 77 are an integral part of these financial statements.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Statement of cash flows

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Group		Company	
		Year ended 31 December		2022	2021
		2022	2021		
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	24	673,340,858	345,215,410	673,318,856	343,095,403
Interest paid	21	(62,617,460)	(35,581,094)	(62,617,460)	(35,581,094)
Lease interest paid	21	(9,785,013)	(11,363,744)	(9,785,013)	(11,363,744)
Retirement benefits paid	17	(1,833,070)	(1,545,080)	(1,833,070)	(1,545,080)
Income tax paid	22	(54,536,717)	(18,039,003)	(54,602,414)	(17,987,023)
Net cash generated from operating activities		544,568,598	278,686,489	544,480,899	276,618,462
Cash flows from investing activities					
Investments in property, plant and equipment	6	(804,880,502)	(330,540,144)	(804,880,502)	(330,540,144)
Investments in intangible assets	7	(1,135,779)	(5,057,430)	(1,135,779)	(5,057,430)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	24	347,455	1,280,913	347,455	1,280,913
Investment in associate	8.2	(16,275,500)	-	(16,275,500)	-
Interest received	21	10,910,055	1,169,828	10,910,055	1,169,828
Dividends received	18	10,516,608	8,982,936	10,516,608	8,982,936
Net cash used in investing activities		(800,517,663)	(324,163,897)	(800,517,663)	(324,163,897)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Repayments of borrowings		(110,095,752)	(82,579,644)	(110,095,752)	(82,579,644)
Proceeds from borrowings		427,498,866	91,610,175	427,498,866	91,610,175
Principal elements of leases payments	6.2	(26,696,734)	(27,596,223)	(26,696,734)	(27,596,223)
Dividends paid to the shareholders		(43,295,712)	(4,769,105)	(43,295,712)	(4,769,105)
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities		247,410,668	(23,334,797)	247,410,668	(23,334,797)
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and bank overdraft		(8,538,397)	(68,812,205)	(8,626,096)	(70,880,232)
Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at beginning of the year		50,307,709	119,119,914	47,291,727	118,171,959
Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at end of the year	13	41,769,312	50,307,709	38,665,631	47,291,727

The notes on pages 13 to 77 are an integral part of these financial statements.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

1 General Information

Maldives Transport and Contracting Company PLC (the "Company") and its Subsidiary (the "Group") is incorporated and domiciled in the Republic of Maldives. The Company is a public limited liability company incorporated under the Act 4/81 on 18 December 1980. The Company was re-registered with the Ministry of Trade and Industries on 12 February 1990.

The principal activities undertaken by the Group include trading, contracting, marine transportation, ship agency, docking services, real estate and auctioning. The address of its registered office is MTCC Tower, Boduthakurufaanu Magu, Male' 20057, Republic of Maldives. The Group's shares are listed on the Maldives stock exchange.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied over the years, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with IFRS

The financial statements of Maldives Transport and Contracting Company PLC (the "Company") and its subsidiary (the "Group") have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC) applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The financial statements of the subsidiary company have been prepared other than a going concern basis of accounting reflecting the decision taken by the shareholders on 23 July 2020 to liquidate the Company.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

(iii) New and amended standards adopted by the group

The group has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2022:

- i. Property, plants and equipment : proceeds before intended Use – Amendments in IAS 16
- ii. Onerous contracts- cost of fulfilling contract – Amendments to IAS 37
- iii. Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020, and
- iv. Reference to the conceptual Framework – Amendment to IFRS 3

The amendments listed above did not have any significant impact on the amounts recognized in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods. The Group did not have to change its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting these standards:



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

(iv) New and amended standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

A number of new standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2022 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Group has not early adopted the new or amended standards in preparing these financial statements.

The following amended standards and interpretations are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Amendments to IAS 1

Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2

Amendment to IAS 12 – Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction

Amendment to IAS 8 – Definition of accounting estimates.

2.2 Consolidation

Subsidiary

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The group controls an entity when the group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group company are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of the subsidiary has been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

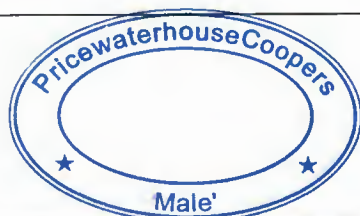
2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions. The Board of Directors considers a business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. Thus the primary segments of the Group are as follows:

- i) Trading
- iv) Real estate

- ii) Construction and Dredging
- v) Others

- iii) Transport



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Maldivian Rufiyaa, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates, are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings are presented in the statement of profit or loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit or loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

2.4 Foreign currency translation (continued)

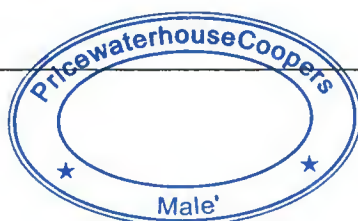
Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss, and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equities classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment, which are initially recorded at historical cost, is stated at cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost or revalued amounts of the assets, over their estimated useful lives or, in the case buildings constructed on leasehold land and improvements made to the leasehold premises, the shorter of lease term as follows:



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Land improvements and buildings

Buildings (other than MTCC tower)	10 years
MTCC tower	25 years

Plant and machinery

Plant and machinery	5 years
Excavators	5-7 years
Wheel loaders	5 years
Cranes	5 years

Motor vehicles

Motor vehicles	5 years
Dump trucks	5 years

Vessels

Dredging vessels	10-25 years
Vessels	5-10 years
Tug boats	5-10 years

Furniture and office /communication equipment

Furniture and fittings	4 years
Office equipment	3 years

Sundry assets

Tools	3 years
Other assets	3 years

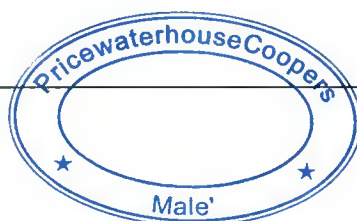
When values of acquisitions are less than MVR 5,000 those assets are depreciated fully in the year of acquisition irrespective of their useful lifetime.

The assets' useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss.

Sundry assets comprises of containers, cylinders, water tanks, tools and other light equipment used for construction works.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.8).



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.6 Investment properties

Investment properties, principally office buildings, are held for long-term rental yield and are not occupied by the group. Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are accounted for in accordance with the cost model as set out in IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment – cost less accumulated depreciation and less accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of the assets, over their estimated useful lives or, in the case buildings constructed on leasehold land and improvements made to the leasehold premises, the shorter of lease term as follows:

Buildings (other than MTCC tower)	10 years
MTCC tower	25 years

2.7 Intangible assets

Computer software development costs recognized as assets are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives (between 5-10 years). The carrying amount of each intangible asset is reviewed annually and adjusted for permanent impairment where it is considered necessary.

2.8 Impairment of assets

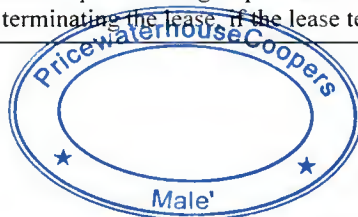
Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

2.9 Leases

Lease income from operating leases where the group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature. The group did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor as a result of adopting the new leasing standard.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the group under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the group is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the group exercising that option.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.9 Leases (continued)

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the group, which does not have recent third party financing, and makes adjustments specific to the lease, eg term, country, currency and security.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

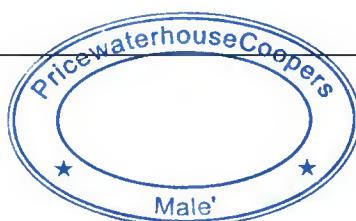
Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of vessels and houses are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less without a purchase option.

Extension and termination options are included in a number of leases across the group. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in group operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the group and not by the respective lessor.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.10 Investments and other financial assets

(i) Classification

The group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through OCI or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date, being the date on which the group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

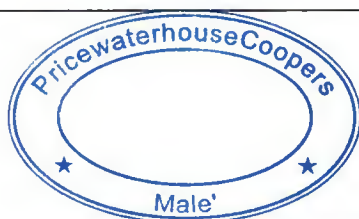
(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the group classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows, where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.10 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

- FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses, which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/(losses), and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

- FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

Equity instruments

The group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in the statement of profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

(iv) Impairment

The group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

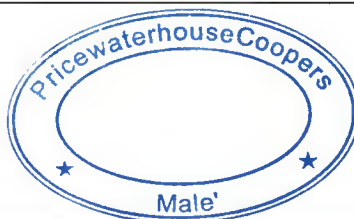
For trade receivables, contract assets and retention receivables the group applies the allowance Matrix approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. For receivables under tawmil taksit credit scheme (Shariah compliant) group measures credit risk using staging method. See note 3.1 (iii) for further details.

2.11 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method and includes import duty, insurance, freight, port charges and bank charges. The cost does not include borrowing cost. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.12 Construction contracts

A construction contract is defined by IFRS 15, 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers', as a contract specifically negotiated for the construction of an asset.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.12 Construction contracts (continued)

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably and it is probable that the contract will be profitable, contract revenue is recognized over the period of the contract by reference to the stage of completion. Contract costs are recognized as expenses by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognized as an expense immediately.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognized only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable.

Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included in contract revenue to the extent that may have been agreed with the customer and are capable of being reliably measured.

The Group uses the 'percentage-of-completion method' to determine the appropriate amount to recognize in a given period. The stage of completion is measured by reference to the contract costs incurred up to the end of the reporting period as a percentage of total estimated costs for each contract. Costs incurred in the year in connection with future activity on a contract are excluded from contract costs in determining the stage of completion.

On the statement of financial position, the Group reports the net contract position for each contract as either an asset or a liability. A contract represents an asset where costs incurred plus recognized profits (less recognized losses) exceed progress billings; a contract represents a liability where the opposite is the case.

In determining cost incurred up to year end, any costs relating to future activity on a contract are excluded and shown as contract work in progress. The aggregate of the cost incurred and the profit/loss recognized on each contract is compared against the progress billings up to the year end. Where the sum of the costs incurred and recognized profit or loss exceeds the progress billings, the balance is shown under receivables and prepayments as due from customers on contracts.

2.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing components when they are recognised at fair value. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance. See note 3.1 (iii) for a description of the group's impairment policies.

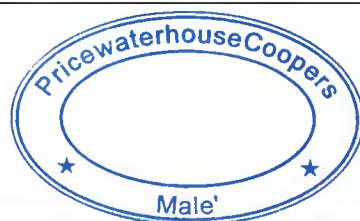
2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

2.15 Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the statement of financial position.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.15 Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The group operates various post-employment schemes, including both defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans.

Defined benefit obligation

The group has voluntarily implemented a defined benefit obligation plan.

The liability recognised in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. However, in Maldives there is no deep market in such bonds and therefore market rates on government bonds are used.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit or loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the statement of financial position.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service costs.

Defined contribution plan - pension contribution

The Group is liable to enroll the employees in the Retirement Pension Scheme with effect from 1 May 2011 based on the Regulation on Maldives Retirement Pension Scheme published by Government of Maldives and shall make contributions at a rate of 7% from the employee's pensionable wages on behalf of the employees of age between 16 and 65 years to the pension office. The Group's contribution to retirement pension scheme is at the rate of 7% on pensionable wages. Contributions to retirement pension scheme is recognized as an employee benefit expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

2.16 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

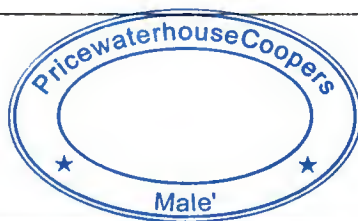
2.17 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognized as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders.

2.18 Borrowings and loans from shareholders

Borrowings and loans from shareholders are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings and loans from shareholders are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings and loans from shareholders are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the statement of financial position date.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.19 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings, pending their expenditure on qualifying assets, is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2.20 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

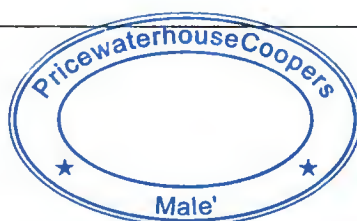
Provisions are measured at the present value of management best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.22 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expenses for the period comprises current income tax. Tax is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax computation with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

The provisions for income tax is based on the elements of income and expenditure as reported in the Financial Statements and computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.22 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

Deferred tax is recognized, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.23 Revenue recognition

The Group generates revenue from the construction and dredging projects, provision of transport service to the general public and for personal hires, trading in products related to marine transport and construction, provision of logistics services, docking and maintenance services and real estate. Other services of revenue include rental income from properties and advertisement income.

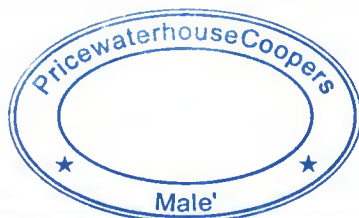
Performance obligations and revenue recognition policies

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer. The Group recognizes revenue when it transfers control over a good or service to a customer.

For contracts that include deferred payment terms that exceed twelve months, the group adjusts the transaction price for the financing component with the impact recognised as interest income.

The following table provides information about the nature and timing of the satisfaction of performance obligations in contracts with customers including significant payment terms, and the related revenue recognition policies.

Type of product / service	Nature and timing of satisfaction of performance obligations, including significant payment terms	Revenue recognition under IFRS 15
Construction and dredging contracts	The Group carries out construction and dredging projects based on customers' specifications and on customers' lands. Payment of the contract price is stipulated in construction and dredging agreements and are based on each milestone completed by the Company. Construction and dredging invoices are payable within 45 days unless specific payment terms are stipulated in the agreement. Construction related defects are rectified by the Company and a percentage of contract amount due is kept by the customer as retention until completion of one year from the date project get fully completed and handover to the customer with the agreed quality.	Revenue is recognized over time by measuring progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligation at the reporting date, measured based on the proportion of contract cost incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contracts costs, using input method.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.23 Revenue recognition (continued)

Type of product / service	Nature and timing of satisfaction of performance obligations, including significant payment terms	Revenue recognition under IFRS 15
Trading division – industrial products and related spare parts	Customers obtain control of the products when the goods are delivered to the customers. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately when customer purchased the products unless customer under credit facility. Customers have right to return the goods, due to inconvenience caused by the act of trading staff such as issuing a wrong product type, size and etc. The group's obligation to repair or replace faulty products under the standard warranty terms relating to engine sales are borne by the manufacturer.	Revenue is recognized when the goods are delivered to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectability of related receivables is reasonably assured.
Transport services	Customers consume the service at the point of providing the service. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately when customer obtain the service.	Revenue is recognized when the transport service is provided to the customers.
Logistics Services	Customers receive the service at the point of providing the service. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately when customer obtain the service.	Revenue is recognized when the logistics service is provided to the customers.
Real estate	Customers receive the service at the point of providing the service. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately when the service is provided.	Revenue is recognized when the service is provided to the customers.
Docking and maintenance services	Customers receive the service both point in time (repair) and over the time (dock rent, electricity and water charges). Payment of the transaction price is due immediately when customer obtained the service unless customer under credit facility.	Revenue is recognized when the service is provided to the customers both under point in time and over the time.

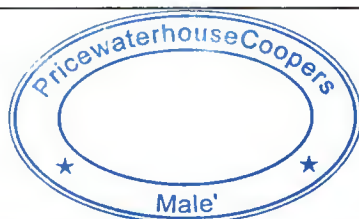
The Group recognizes other income sources as follows:

(a) Interest income

Interest income is recognized on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(b) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

2.23 Revenue recognition (continued)

(c) Rental income

Rental income is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

(d) Subsidy income

Subsidy incomes are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset. When the Group receives grants of non-monetary assets, the asset and the grant are recorded at nominal amounts and released to profit or loss over the expected useful life in a pattern of consumption of the benefit of the underlying asset by equal annual instalments.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its fixed price contracts to deliver design services. Use of the percentage-of-completion method requires the Company to estimate the services performed to date as a proportion of the total services to be performed. Where the proportion of services performed to total services to be performed to differ by 1% from management's estimates, the amount of revenue recognised in the year would be increased or decreased by MVR 22,494,371 (2021: MVR 14,844,623).

Financing components

An element of financing is deemed present for the Group's construction revenue. In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised consideration for the effects of the financing component using a discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and its customer at contract inception, such that it reflects the credit characteristics of the party receiving financing in the contract.

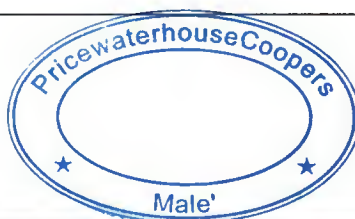
2.24 Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to confirm with the changes in presentation in the current year.

3 Financial risk management

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board of Directors has established the audit and risk committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The committee reports regularly to the board of directors on its activities.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

The Group audit and risk committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The Group audit and risk committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and adhoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

3.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instruments fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions, outstanding receivables, as well as credit exposures to contract and retail customers, including contract assets.

(i) Risk management

Credit risk is managed in the following manner.

For banks and financial institutions, only reputed local and foreign branches are accepted.

Credit quality of customers are assessed by taking into accounts its financial position, past experience and other factors. The compliance with credit limit by customers is regularly monitored by the management.

(ii) Security

For some trade receivables the group may obtain security in the form of guarantees, deeds of undertaking or letters of credit which can be called upon if the counterparty is in default under the terms of the agreement.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

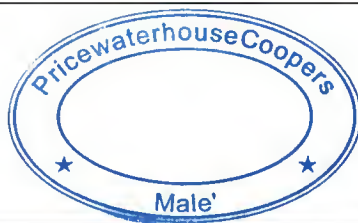
The group has following three types of financial assets which are subject to impairment based on allowance Matrix.

- trade receivables for sales of inventory and from the provision of construction, dredging and other services
- contract assets relating to construction and dredging contracts
- retention receivable from contracts

Exposures within each credit risk grades are segmented by the type of the customer.

Non-interest bearing trade and other receivable

The Company uses an allowance Matrix to measure the ECLs of non-interest bearing trade and other receivables from its customers in government and corporate segments. Loss rates are calculated using a "role rate" method based on the probability of a receivable progressing through successive stages of delinquency to write-off. Roll rates are calculated separately for exposures in different segments based on the type of the customer.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

To measure the expected credit losses, non-interest bearing trade receivables, contract assets and retention receivable from contracts have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The contract assets related to unbilled work in progress and retention receivable have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The group has therefore concluded that the expected loss rates for non-interest bearing trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract assets and retention receivable from contracts.

Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience over the past five years. These rates are multiplied by scalar factors to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Company's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. Scalar factors are based on GDP forecast data obtained by the Company from the report available in the IMF website "world economic outlook database".

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 45 days past due.

Receivable from private customers (non-interest bearing trade receivable, contract assets and retention receivables) are considered as default when it is more than 60 days past due. The default presumption of 90 days is rebutted for private customers. This rebuttal will be monitored and reviewed by credit department on an annual basis to ensure it is appropriate.

90 days default presumption is applied for government customers (non-interest bearing receivables from related parties, contract assets and retention receivables).

Economic variable assumptions

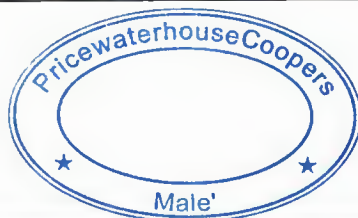
The economic variable assumptions used for the ECL estimate as at 31 December 2022 are set out below:

	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
GDP growth	6.10%	6.50%	5.60%	5.50%	5.60%

Sensitivity analysis

Set out below are the changes to the ECL on non-interest bearing contract assets, trade and related party receivables from its customers in government and corporate segments as at 31 December 2022 that would result from reasonably possible changes in the parameter from the actual assumption used in Group's economic variable assumption.

	GDP		
	-1% MVR	No change MVR	+1% MVR
Group			
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2022	70,270,234	70,270,233	69,975,551
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2021	92,638,349	90,344,291	88,714,767
Company			
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2022	59,177,993	59,177,992	58,883,310
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2021	85,309,142	83,015,084	81,385,560



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Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

Impairment losses on financial assets recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Impairment loss on contract assets, trade and related party receivables	70,270,233	90,344,291	59,177,992	83,015,084
	70,270,233	90,344,291	59,177,992	83,015,084

Impairment losses

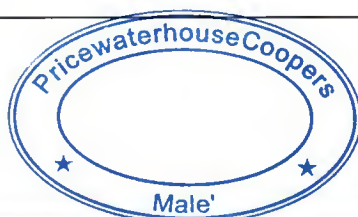
	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
- Movement in loss allowance for contract assets, trade and related party receivables	(20,074,058)	5,323,107	(23,837,092)	5,061,400
- Net impairment loss on contract assets, trade and related party receivables	(20,074,058)	5,323,107	(23,837,092)	5,061,400

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk associated with the sector in which customers operate.

The maximum exposure to credit risk of trade and other receivable at the reporting date is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	Carrying amount		Carrying amount	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
Trade receivables	153,433,988	193,800,090	142,341,747	182,615,697
Contract assets	334,814,048	331,167,352	334,814,048	331,167,352
Retention receivable from contracts	9,445,981	7,186,434	9,445,981	7,186,434
Receivables from related parties	626,901,221	551,434,203	629,651,860	554,039,384
Deposits	16,625,257	14,564,847	16,625,257	14,564,847
Other receivables	428,458,744	348,407,426	428,458,744	347,914,747
Prepayments	109,635,634	105,149,284	109,635,634	105,149,284
Less: Provision for receivables	(115,509,230)	(137,909,244)	(104,416,989)	(130,580,037)
Cash at bank	49,097,657	71,735,466	46,002,145	68,727,653
	1,612,903,300	1,485,535,858	1,612,558,427	1,480,785,361

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for non-interest bearing trade receivables, contract assets and retention receivable from contract for non government customers segment.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

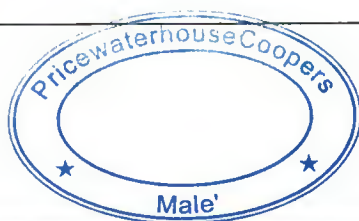
3 Financial risk management (continued)

		Group	
	Weighted average loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance
		MVR	MVR
As at 31 December 2022			
Not past due	0.08%	69,387,618	53,137
61-180 days	3.00%	1,816,755	54,503
181-365 days	3.00%	7,781,526	233,446
More than 365 days	66.40%	56,645,989	37,615,169
		135,631,888	37,956,255
As at 31 December 2021			
Not past due	0.68%	126,440,698	864,045
61-180 days	18.65%	3,514,417	655,307
181-365 days	25.00%	4,606,823	1,151,706
More than 365 days	58.36%	58,811,814	34,321,207
		193,373,752	36,992,265

The following table provides information about the Company's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for non-interest bearing trade receivables, contract assets and retention receivable from contract for non government customers segment.

		Company	
	Weighted average loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance
		MVR	MVR
As at 31 December 2022			
Not past due	0.08%	69,387,618	53,137
61-180 days	3.00%	1,816,755	54,503
181-365 days	3.00%	7,781,526	233,446
More than 365 days	58.22%	45,553,748	26,522,928
		124,539,647	26,864,014
As at 31 December 2021			
Not past due	0.68%	126,440,698	864,045
61-180 days	18.65%	3,514,417	655,307
181-365 days	25.00%	4,606,823	1,151,706
More than 365 days	56.67%	47,627,421	26,992,000
		182,189,359	29,663,058

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for non-interest bearing trade receivables, contract assets and retention receivable from contract for government customers segment as at 31 December 2022.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

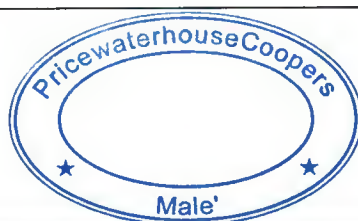
(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

	Weighted average loss rate	Group Gross carrying amount MVR	Loss allowance MVR
As at 31 December 2022			
1-60 days	0.15%	703,014,806	1,059,113
61-180 days	3.55%	6,369,463	226,277
181-365 days	4.00%	44,295,022	1,771,801
More than 365 days	32.42%	90,253,386	29,256,787
		843,932,676	32,313,979
As at 31 December 2021			
1-60 days	0.33%	549,982,897	1,789,715
61-180 days	1.86%	133,440,799	2,482,803
181-365 days	26.00%	23,443,586	6,095,332
More than 365 days	39.62%	108,494,393	42,984,177
		815,361,675	53,352,027

The following table provides information about the Company's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for non-interest bearing trade receivables, contract assets and retention receivable from contract for government customers segment as at 31 December 2022.

	Weighted average loss rate	Company Gross carrying amount MVR	Loss allowance MVR
As at 31 December 2022			
1-60 days	0.15%	705,765,445	1,059,113
61-180 days	3.55%	6,369,463	226,277
181-365 days	4.00%	44,295,022	1,771,801
More than 365 days	32.42%	90,253,386	29,256,787
		846,683,315	32,313,979
As at 31 December 2021			
1-60 days	0.32%	552,588,078	1,789,715
61-180 days	1.86%	133,440,799	2,482,803
181-365 days	26.00%	23,443,586	6,095,332
More than 365 days	39.62%	108,494,393	42,984,177
		817,966,856	53,352,027



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

Interest bearing trade receivables under Tawmil Taksit credit scheme

The Company uses "three stage model" to measure the ECL of interest bearing receivables under tawmil taksit credit schemes (Shariah compliant) which is based on change in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- A financial instrument that is not credit-impaired on initial recognition is classified in 'Stage 1' and has its credit risk continuously monitored by the Company.
- If a significant increase in credit risk ('SICR') since initial recognition is identified, the financial instrument is moved to 'Stage 2' but is not yet deemed to be credit-impaired. Please refer to note (a) for a description of how the Company determines when a significant increase in credit risk has occurred.
- A pervasive concept in measuring ECL in accordance with IFRS 9 is that it should consider forward-looking information. Note (d) includes an explanation of how the Company has incorporated this in its ECL models.

Change in credit quality since initial recognition		
Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3
(Initial recognition)	(Significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition)	(credit impaired assets)
12 months expected credit	Lifetime expected credit losses	Lifetime expected credit losses

The key judgements and assumptions adopted by the Company in addressing the requirements of the standard are discussed below:

(a) Significant increase in credit risk

The Company considers loans and receivables have experienced significant increase in credit risk when the arrears are past due for more than 30 days.

(b) Definition of default and credit-impaired assets

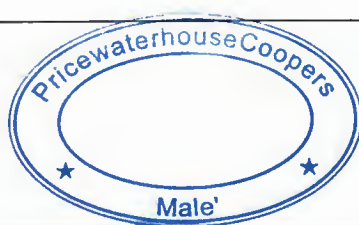
The Company defines a financial instrument as in default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired when the borrower is more than 90 days past due states on its contractual payments.

The default definition has been applied consistently to model the Probability of Default (PD), Exposure at Default (EAD) and Loss Given Default (LGD) throughout the Company's expected loss calculations.

(c) Measuring the ECL - Explanation of inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured on either a 12-month (12M) or lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since the initial recognition on whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired. Expected credit losses are the discounted product of the Probability of Default (PD), Exposure at Default (EAD), and Loss Given Default (LGD), defined as follows:

The PD represents the likelihood of a borrower defaulting on its financial obligation (as per "Definition of default and credit-impaired" above), either over the next 12 months (12 MN PD), or over the remaining lifetime (Life time PD) of the obligation. PIT PD (Point-in-time Probability of Default) is calculated using duration or hazard rate approach (Makov chain approach) and TTC PD (Through-the-Cycle Probability of Default) is derived from average empirical matrix from 2017 to 2022.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

EAD is based on the amounts the Company expects to be owed at the time of default, over the next 12 months (12M EAD) or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime EAD).

LGDs are determined based on the factors which impact the recoveries made post default. LGD is computed based on the projected collateral values, historical discounts to market / book values to forced sales, time to repossession and recovery cost observed. When arriving the present value of cash flows after default, the Company applies 50% to the market value of the collateral to estimate force sale values for the facilities in arrears. Force sales values are then deducted from EAD to arrive LGD.

The ECL is determined by projecting the PD, LGD and EAD for each future year and for each individual exposure or collective segment. These three components are multiplied together and adjusted for the likelihood of survival (i.e. the exposure has not prepaid or defaulted in an earlier month). This effectively calculates an ECL for each future year, which is then discounted back to the reporting date and summed. The discount rate used in the ECL calculation is the original effective interest rate or an approximation thereof.

The Lifetime PD is developed by applying a maturity profile to the current 12M PD. The maturity profile looks at how defaults develop on a portfolio from the point of initial recognition throughout the lifetime of the facilities. The maturity profile is based on historical observed data and is assumed to be the same across all assets. This is supported by historical analysis.

Forward-looking economic information is also included in determining the 12-month and lifetime PD, EAD and LGD. Refer note 3 (iii) (d) for an explanation of forward-looking information and its inclusion in ECL calculations.

(d) Forward looking information incorporated in ECL models

The assessment of SICR and the calculation of ECL both incorporate forward-looking information. In an attempt to identify key economic variables affecting credit risk and expected credit losses, the Company came to the understanding that most of the macro economic variables did not indicate a clear representation, as the statistical hypothesis behind the estimates could not be tested. Accordingly, the Company found it feasible and chose the approach of 'Expert Judgment' to derive the forward-looking information to apply on 12 month PD.

The Company has considered forecasted GDP growth rates to determine the weightages along with weightages for each stage. Forecasted GDP growth rates obtained from the report available in the IMF website "world economic outlook database".

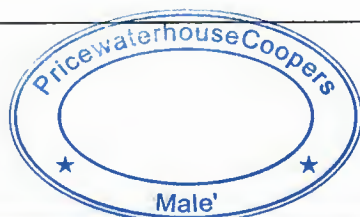
Forecasted GDP growth rates

The forecasted GDP growth rates considered to determine the weightages along with weightages for each stage are as follows :

	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
GDP growth	6.10%	6.50%	5.60%	5.50%	5.60%

Economic variable assumptions used by the Company are as follows:

Stages	Forward looking adjustment factor
Stage 1	89%
Stage 2	94%



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

However, based on prudent measure, we have considered 100% as the forward looking adjustment so that the historical PD does not reduce.

The scenarios and their attributes are reassessed at each reporting date.

As with any economic forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of occurrence are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projected. The Company considers these forecasts to represent its best estimate of the possible outcomes that the chosen scenarios are appropriately representative of the range of possible scenarios

Sensitivity analysis

Set out below are the changes to the ECL on tawmil taksit credit scheme as at 31 December 2022 that would result from reasonably possible changes in the parameter from the actual assumption used in Company's economic variable assumption.

	-1%	GDP No change	+1%
	MVR	MVR	MVR
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2022	4,122,373	4,122,657	4,122,941
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2021	2,569,537	2,568,637	2,567,737

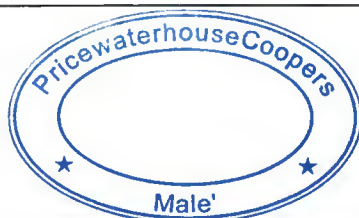
Impairment losses

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	MVR	MVR	MVR	MVR
- Movement in loss allowance for tawmil taksit credit schemes	1,554,020	(824,607)	1,554,020	(824,607)
- Net impairment loss on tawmil taksit credit schemes	1,554,020	(824,607)	1,554,020	(824,607)

Loss allowance for tawmil taksit credit schemes

The loss allowance recognised in the period is impacted by a variety of factors, as described below:

- Transfers between Stage 1 and Stages 2 or 3 due to financial instruments experiencing significant increases (or decreases) of credit risk or becoming credit-impaired in the period, and the consequent "step up" (or "step down") between 12-month and Lifetime ECL;
- Additional allowances for new financial instruments recognised during the period, as well as releases for financial instruments de-recognised in the period;
- Impact on the measurement of ECL due to changes in PDs, EADs and LGDs in the period, arising from regular refreshing of inputs to models;
- Impacts on the measurement of ECL due to changes made to models and assumptions;
- Discount unwind within ECL due to the passage of time, as ECL is measured on a present value basis;
- Financial assets derecognised during the period and write-offs of allowances related to assets that were written off during the period.



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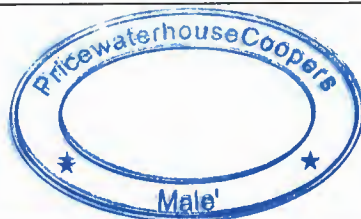
Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

The following table explain the changes in the loss allowance between the beginning and end of the annual period due to these factors:

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month ECL	Life time ECL	Life time ECL	Total
Receivables under tawmil taksit credit schemes				
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2022	255,575	300,952	2,012,110	2,568,637
New financial assets originated	9,450	-	-	9,450
Financial assets settled during the year	(880,512)	(28,222)	-	(908,734)
Loss on existing financial assets	254,495	46,063	2,152,746	2,453,304
Transfers:				
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	7,231	(7,231)	-	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	634,128	-	(634,128)	-
Other movements	(11,763)	11,763	-	-
Loss allowance at 31 December 2022	268,604	323,325	3,530,728	4,122,657
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	12-month ECL	Life time ECL	Life time ECL	Total
Receivables under tawmil taksit credit schemes				
Loss allowance as at 1 January 2021	155,990	255,470	2,981,784	3,393,244
New financial assets originated	75,816	-	-	75,816
Financial assets settled during the year	(82,435)	(3,641)	(814,347)	(900,423)
Transfers:				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	(30,112)	30,112	-	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	293,033	(293,033)	-
Other movements	136,316	(274,022)	137,706	-
Loss allowance at 31 December 2021	255,575	300,952	2,012,110	2,568,637



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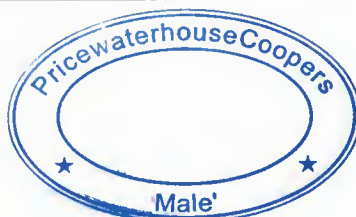
(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

The following table further explains changes in the gross carrying amount of the tawmil takstit credit scheme:

Receivables under tawmil takstit credit schemes	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	12-month ECL	Life time ECL	Life time ECL	
Gross carrying amount as at 1 January 2022	36,164,013	300,952	6,624,491	43,089,456
New financial assets originated	15,293,399	798,173	-	16,091,572
Payments received from new financial assets during the year	(3,157,889)	(190,041)	-	(3,347,930)
Financial assets fully settled during the year	(6,410,573)	-	-	(6,410,573)
Financial assets partly settled during the year	(13,467,187)	(298,209)	(478,709)	(14,244,105)
<i>Transfers:</i>				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	(308,819)	308,819	-	-
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 3	(114,389)	-	114,389	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 1	634,128	-	(634,128)	-
Other movements	-	-	-	-
Gross carrying amount as at 31 December 2022	28,632,683	919,694	5,626,043	35,178,420

Receivables under tawmil takstit credit schemes	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	12-month ECL	Life time ECL	Life time ECL	
Gross carrying amount as at 1 January 2021	32,460,880	5,216,184	5,296,800	42,973,864
New financial assets originated	22,156,875	-	1,789,499	23,946,374
Payments received from new financial assets during the year	(2,292,687)	-	-	(2,292,687)
Financial assets fully settled during the year	(7,069,461)	(417,741)	(242,957)	(7,730,159)
Financial assets partly settled during the year	(11,997,477)	(255,687)	(1,554,772)	(13,807,936)
<i>Transfers:</i>				
Transfer from Stage 1 to Stage 2	(59,952)	59,952	-	-
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 1	1,684,807	(1,684,807)	-	-
Transfer from Stage 2 to Stage 3	-	(327,449)	327,449	-
Transfer from Stage 3 to Stage 2	-	77,664	(77,664)	-
Other movements	1,281,028	(2,367,164)	1,086,136	-
Gross carrying amount as at 31 December 2021	36,164,013	300,952	6,624,491	43,089,456



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

The closing loss allowances for the tawmil taksit credit schemes. as at 31 December 2022 reconciles to the opening loss allowances as follows:

	2022	2021
Opening loss allowance as at 1 January	2,568,637	3,393,244
Increase / (decrease) in loan loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year	1,554,020	(824,607)
At 31 December	4,122,657	2,568,637

Write-off policy

The Company writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include (i) ceasing enforcement activity and (ii) where the Company's recovery method is foreclosing on collateral and the value of the collateral is such that there is no reasonable expectation of recovering in full.

Modification of financial assets

The Company sometimes modifies the terms of repayments provided to customers due to commercial renegotiations with a view to maximising recovery.

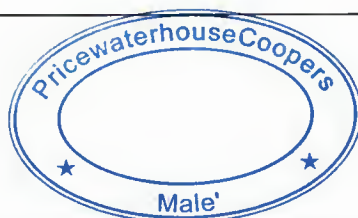
Such restructuring activities include extended payment term arrangements, payment holidays and payment forgiveness. Restructuring policies and practices are based on indicators or criteria which, in the judgement of management, indicate that payment will most likely continue. These policies are kept under continuous review.

The risk of default of such assets after modification is assessed at the reporting date and compared with the risk under the original terms at initial recognition, when the modification is not substantial and so does not result in derecognition of the original asset. The Company monitors the subsequent performance of modified assets. Company may determine that the credit risk has significantly improved after restructuring, so that the assets are moved from Stage 3 or Stage 2 (Lifetime ECL) to Stage 1 (12-month ECL). There were no modifications during the year.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Group and the Company held cash and cash equivalents of MVR 49,176,528 and MVR 46,072,847 respectively at 31 December 2022 (2021 : MVR 71,855,459 and MVR 68,839,477).

While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9, the Group does not have a significant impact on impairment allowance on cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 respectively.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

3.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group uses activity-based costing to cost its products and services, which assists it in monitoring cash flow requirements and optimizing its cash return on investments.

The Group aims to maintain the level of its cash and cash equivalents at an amount in excess of expected cash outflows on financial liabilities (other than trade payables). The Group also monitors the level of expected cash inflows on trade and other receivables together with expected cash outflows on trade and other payables.

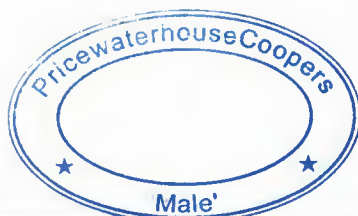
In addition, the group maintains MVR 30,840,000 overdraft facility that is secured.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments.

Group 31 December 2022	Contractual cash flows		
	Carrying amount	Less than 12 months	1- 5 years More than 5 years
Non- derivative financial liabilities			
Bank overdrafts	7,407,216	7,407,216	-
Borrowings	593,158,083	268,288,198	429,677,953
Shareholder's loan	277,344,335	206,484,434	99,409,901
Trade and other payables	1,457,269,630	1,353,187,158	116,785,516
Lease liabilities	108,585,837	36,887,278	72,348,630
	2,443,765,101	1,872,254,284	718,222,000

Group 31 December 2021	Contractual cash flows		
	Carrying amount	Less than 12 months	1- 5 years More than 5 years
Non- derivative financial liabilities			
Bank overdrafts	21,547,750	21,547,750	-
Borrowings	275,754,969	102,029,550	193,301,807
Shareholder's loan	277,344,335	157,702,500	145,376,835
Trade and other payables	927,658,243	837,409,891	87,037,894
Lease liabilities	93,425,871	34,589,482	67,712,481
	1,595,731,168	1,153,279,173	493,429,017



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

Company 31 December 2022	Contractual cash flows			
	Carrying amount	Less than 12 months	1- 5 years	More than 5 years
Non- derivative financial liabilities				
Bank overdrafts	7,407,216	7,407,216	-	-
Borrowings	593,158,083	268,288,198	429,677,953	-
Shareholder's loan	277,344,335	206,484,434	99,409,901	-
Trade and other payables	1,457,263,154	1,353,180,682	116,785,516	6,280,381
Lease liabilities	108,585,837	36,887,278	72,348,630	106,093,610
	2,443,758,625	1,872,247,808	718,222,000	112,373,991

Company 31 December 2021	Contractual cash flows			
	Carrying amount	Less than 12 months	1- 5 years	More than 5 years
Non- derivative financial liabilities				
Bank overdrafts	21,547,750	21,547,750	-	-
Borrowings	275,754,969	102,029,550	193,301,807	495,625
Shareholder's loan	277,344,335	157,702,500	145,376,835	-
Trade and other payables	927,062,331	836,813,979	87,037,894	7,726,811
Lease liabilities	93,425,871	34,589,482	67,712,481	19,930,361
	1,595,135,256	1,152,683,261	493,429,017	28,152,797

As disclosed in Notes to the financial statements, the Group has a secured bank loan that contains a loan covenant. A future breach of covenant may require the Group to repay the loan earlier than indicated in the above table. The covenants are monitored on a regular basis and regularly reported to management to ensure compliance with the agreements.

The interest payments on variable interest rate loans in the table above reflect market forward interest rates at the reporting date and these amounts may change as market interest rates change. Except for these financial liabilities, it is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

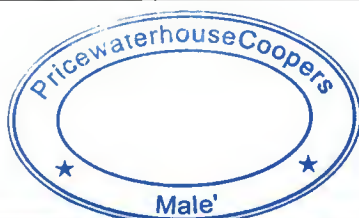
The group had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

	2022	2021
Expiring within one year (bank overdraft and TRDL facility)	63,451,020	72,267,376
Expiring beyond one year (bank loans)	24,380,707	11,086,813
	87,831,728	83,354,188

The bank overdraft facilities and TRDL facilities may be drawn at any time until the expiry of the facility. The bank loan facilities may be drawn at any time in MVR and have maturity of 5 years.

3.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices - will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

3.3.1 Currency risk

Exposure to currency risk

The summary quantitative data about the Group's/Company's exposure to currency risk as reported to the management of the Group/Company is as follows.

Group/Company	2022		2021	
	EUR	USD	EUR	USD
Trade receivables	-	3,490,152	-	4,763,857
Trade payables	-	(16,705,459)	-	(9,119,987)
Cash and cash equivalents	-	422,580	265	1,149,981
Borrowings	(2,106,456)	(26,646,042)	(1,341,163)	(14,402,860)
Net Statement of financial position exposure	(2,106,456)	(39,438,769)	(1,340,897)	(17,609,009)

The following significant exchange rates have been applied.

	Average rate		Spot rate	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
USD 1 : MVR	15.4200	15.4200	15.4200	15.4200
EUR 1 : MVR	17.0560	18.2890	16.5158	17.5962

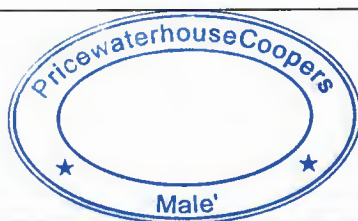
Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the euro, US dollar against all other currencies at 31 December would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

Group/Company	Change in USD rate	Effect on profit before tax		Effect on pre-tax on equity	
2021	- 5 %		13,576,546		13,576,546
	+ 5 %		(13,576,546)		(13,576,546)
2022	- 5 %		30,407,291		30,407,291
	+ 5 %		30,407,291		30,407,291

Group/Company	Change in EUR rate	Effect on profit before tax		Effect on pre-tax on equity	
2021	- 5 %		1,179,968		1,179,968
	+ 5 %		(1,179,968)		(1,179,968)
2022	- 5 %		1,739,490		1,739,490
	+ 5 %		(1,739,490)		(1,739,490)

In respect of the monetary assets and liabilities denominated in USD, the Group/Company has a limited risk exposure on such balances since the Maldivian Rufiyaa is pegged to the US Dollar within a band to fluctuate within $\pm 20\%$ of the mid-point of exchange rate.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3 Financial risk management (continued)

3.3 Market risk (continued)

3.3.2 Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's/Company's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Group/Company is as follows.

	Nominal amounts	
	2022	2021
Fixed-rate instruments		
Financial assets	35,178,420	43,089,456
Financial liabilities (Note 15)	438,220,735	117,827,048
Variable-rate instruments		
Financial liabilities (Note 15)	162,344,564	179,475,671

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Group/Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

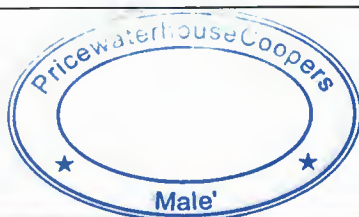
Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

	Increase/decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax
Variable- rate instruments		
2022	-100	1,534,887
	+100	(1,534,887)
Variable- rate instruments		
2021	-100	1,998,463
	+100	(1,998,463)

The exposure of the group's borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual re-pricing dates of the borrowings at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	2022	% of total loans	2021	% of total loans
Variable rate borrowings	162,344,564	27.03%	179,475,671	60.37%
Fixed rate borrowings				
Less than 1 year	186,530,091	31.06%	65,412,068	22.00%
1 - 5 years	251,690,644	41.91%	52,414,980	17.63%
	600,565,299	100.00%	297,302,719	100.00%



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

Other market price risk

The Group/Company is exposed to equity price risk, which arises from equity securities at FVOCI. The management of the Group/Company monitors the proportion of equity securities in its investment portfolio based on market indices.

The primary goal of the Group's investment strategy is to maximize investment returns.

Sensitivity analysis - Equity price risk

All of the Group's/Company's equity investments are listed on Maldives Stock Exchange. For such investments classified at FVOCI, a 2% increase/decrease in the price at the reporting date would have increased/decreased equity by MVR 3,395,988 after tax (2021 an increase/decrease of MVR 1,029,751 after tax).

3 Financial risk management (continued)

3.4 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends payable to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. Dividends payable details provided in (Note 25).

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total external borrowings including lease liability and excluding trade and other payables, as shown in the statement of financial position less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as equity, as shown in the statement of financial position, plus net debt.

The gearing ratios as at 31 December 2022 and as at 31 December 2021 were as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net debt	709,151,136	390,728,590	709,151,136	390,728,590
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(49,176,528)	(71,855,459)	(46,072,847)	(68,839,477)
Net debt	659,974,608	318,873,131	663,078,289	321,889,113
Total equity	1,658,719,519	1,382,581,011	1,661,306,072	1,385,546,083
Total capital	2,318,694,127	1,701,454,142	2,324,384,361	1,707,435,196
Gearing ratio	28%	19%	29%	19%

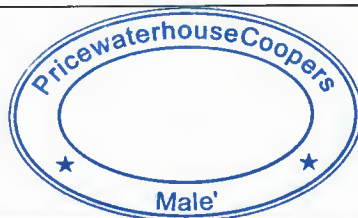
The reason for increase in gearing ratio is mainly due to increase in borrowings and decrease in cash and cash equivalents compared to previous year.

3.4.1 Loan covenants

Under the terms of the major borrowing facilities, the group is required to comply with the following financial covenants:

- Maintain a tangible net worth of USD 23,000,000
- Maintain a total liabilities to tangible net worth ratio of no more than 4.0:1.0

The group has complied with these covenants throughout the reporting period. As at 31 December 2022, tangible net worth was USD 118,805,186 (2021: USD 92,666,005) and maintained a total liabilities to tangible net worth ration of 1.49:1.0 (2021: 1.25:1.0)



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

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3.5 Accounting classifications and fair values

Group

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

As at 31 December 2022		Carrying amount		Fair value			
	FVOCI equity instruments	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at fair value							
Investment in equity securities	9	169,799,400	-	169,799,400	169,799,400	-	-
		169,799,400	-	169,799,400	169,799,400	-	-
Financial assets not measured at fair value							
Trade and other receivables*	11	-	1,117,095,421	1,117,095,421	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	13	-	49,176,528	49,176,528	-	-	-
		-	1,166,271,949	1,166,271,949	-	-	-
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value							
Borrowings	15	-	593,158,083	593,158,083	-	-	-
Shareholder's loan	16	-	277,344,335	277,344,335	-	-	-
Trade and other payables*	17	-	1,457,269,630	1,457,269,630	-	-	-
Bank overdrafts	15	-	7,407,216	7,407,216	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	6.2	-	108,585,837	108,585,837	-	-	-
		-	2,443,765,101	2,443,765,101	-	-	-

*Other receivables and other payables that are not financial assets and liabilities are not included.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

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3.5 Accounting classifications and fair values

As at 31 December 2021

As at 31 December 2021		Carrying amount		Fair value					
		FVOCI equity instruments	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value									
Investment in equity securities	9	51,487,560	-	-	51,487,560	51,487,560	-	-	51,487,560
		51,487,560	-	-	51,487,560	51,487,560	-	-	51,487,560
Financial assets not measured at fair value									
Trade and other receivables*	11	-	974,533,639	-	974,533,639	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	13	-	71,855,459	-	71,855,459	-	-	-	-
		-	1,046,389,098	-	1,046,389,098	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value									
Borrowings	15	-	-	275,754,969	275,754,969	-	-	-	-
shareholder's loan	16	-	-	277,344,335	277,344,335	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables*	17	-	-	927,658,243	927,658,243	-	-	-	-
Bank overdrafts	15	-	-	21,547,750	21,547,750	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	6.2	-	-	93,425,871	93,425,871	-	-	-	-
		-	-	1,595,731,168	1,595,731,168	-	-	-	-

*Other receivables and other payables that are not financial assets and liabilities are not included

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

Equity securities are measured at fair value at Level 1 and measured using the last traded value from the Maldives Stock Exchange as at the reporting date.

Assessing the significance of a particular input requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

3.5 Accounting classifications and fair values (continued)

Company

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

As at 31 December 2022		Carrying amount		Fair value				
	FVOCI equity instruments	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value								
Investment in equity securities	9	169,799,400	-	-	169,799,400	169,799,400	-	169,799,400
		169,799,400	-	-	169,799,400	169,799,400	-	169,799,400
Financial assets not measured at fair value								
Trade and other receivables*	11	-	1,119,846,060	-	1,119,846,060	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	13	-	46,072,847	-	46,072,847	-	-	-
		-	1,165,918,907	-	1,165,918,907	-	-	-
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value								
Borrowings	15	-	-	593,158,083	-	-	-	-
shareholder's loan	16	-	-	277,344,335	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables*	17	-	-	1,457,263,154	-	-	-	-
Bank overdrafts	15	-	-	7,407,216	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	6.2	-	-	108,585,837	-	-	-	-
		-	-	2,443,758,625	-	-	-	-

*Other receivables and other payables that are not financial assets and liabilities are not included.



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3.5 Accounting classifications and fair values (continued)

As at 31 December 2021

As at 31 December 2021		Carrying amount		Fair value				
	FVOCI equity instruments	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value								
Investment in equity securities	9	51,487,560	-	-	51,487,560	51,487,560	-	-
		51,487,560	-	-	51,487,560	51,487,560	-	51,487,560
Financial assets not measured at fair value								
Trade and other receivables*	11	-	972,790,955	-	972,790,955	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	13	-	68,839,477	-	68,839,477	-	-	-
		-	1,041,630,432	-	1,041,630,432	-	-	-
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value								
Borrowings	15	-	-	275,754,969	-	-	-	-
shareholder's loan	16	-	-	277,344,335	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables*	17	-	-	927,062,331	-	-	-	-
Bank overdrafts	15	-	-	21,547,750	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	6.2	-	-	93,425,871	-	-	-	-
		-	-	1,595,135,256	1,595,135,256	-	-	-

*Other receivables and other payables that are not financial assets and liabilities are not included

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

Equity securities are measured at fair value at Level 1 and measured using the last traded value from the Maldives Stock Exchange as at the reporting date.

Assessing the significance of a particular input requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.



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4 Critical estimates and judgements

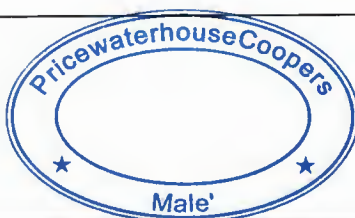
The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgements in applying the group's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be wrong. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in other notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

Significant estimates and judgements

The areas involving significant estimates or judgements are:

- recognition of revenue relating to construction and dredging and other revenue streams - note 2.12 and 2.23
- impairment of financial assets - note 3.1 (iii)
- estimation uncertainties and judgements made in relation to lease accounting - note 2.9
- estimation of defined benefit pension obligation - note 17
- useful lives of PPE and intangible assets - note 2.5 to 2.7
- fair value measurement of financial assets - note 2.10



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

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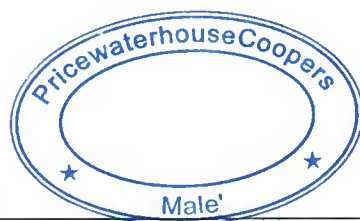
Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

5 Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major business segments.

Group / Company	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Others	Total
31-Dec-22					
Revenue	297,469,843	2,039,051,128	109,513,879	24,476,029	2,470,510,879
Timing of revenue recognition					
- At a point in time	297,469,843	-	109,513,879	24,476,029	431,459,751
- over time	-	2,039,051,128	-	-	2,039,051,128
	297,469,843	2,039,051,128	109,513,879	24,476,029	2,470,510,879
31-Dec-21					
Revenue	239,901,097	1,636,577,507	57,579,412	32,925,251	1,966,983,267
Timing of revenue recognition					
- At a point in time	239,901,097	-	57,579,412	32,925,251	330,405,760
- over time	-	1,636,577,507	-	-	1,636,577,507
	239,901,097	1,636,577,507	57,579,412	32,925,251	1,966,983,267



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

6 Property, plant and equipment - Group

	Land improvements and buildings	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Furniture and office/ communication equipment	Vessels	Sundry assets	Capital work-in- progress	Total
At 01 January 2021								
Cost	123,013,324	1,329,928,565	36,668,994	67,110,983	273,766,310	49,913,900	6,631,891	1,887,033,967
Accumulated depreciation	(82,155,556)	(698,268,425)	(30,673,836)	(54,525,832)	(173,029,366)	(44,431,144)	-	(1,083,084,159)
Net book amount	40,857,768	631,660,140	5,995,158	12,585,151	100,736,944	5,482,756	6,631,891	803,949,808
Year ended 31 December 2021								
Opening net book amount	40,857,768	631,660,140	5,995,158	12,585,151	100,736,944	5,482,756	6,631,891	803,949,808
Additions	-	215,830,118	2,601,864	14,097,054	368,990	11,278,497	17,416,462	261,592,985
Transferred from capital work in progress	-	-	-	-	8,694,818	-	(8,694,818)	-
Transferred from MPL (Note 31)	14,430,812	-	47,037,026	311,617	6,810,971	356,733	-	68,947,159
Transferred from investment property - cost	13,375,278	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,375,278
Transferred from investment property - depreciation	(11,335,080)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,335,080)
Disposals - Cost	-	(10,470)	(2,213,792)	(629,378)	(20,107,195)	(177,034)	-	(23,137,869)
Disposals - Accumulated depreciation	-	10,470	2,213,792	621,832	20,107,195	177,034	-	23,130,323
Depreciation charge (Note 19)	(6,518,954)	(97,133,931)	(9,542,899)	(8,698,329)	(27,014,963)	(5,683,137)	-	(154,592,213)
Closing net book value	50,809,824	750,356,327	46,091,149	18,287,947	89,596,760	11,434,849	15,353,535	981,930,391
At 31 December 2021								
Cost	150,819,414	1,545,748,213	84,094,092	80,890,276	269,533,894	61,372,096	15,353,535	2,207,811,520
Accumulated depreciation	(100,009,590)	(795,391,886)	(38,002,943)	(62,602,329)	(179,937,134)	(49,937,247)	-	(1,225,881,129)
Net book amount	50,809,824	750,356,327	46,091,149	18,287,947	89,596,760	11,434,849	15,353,535	981,930,391
Year ended 31 December 2022								
Opening net book amount	50,809,824	750,356,327	46,091,149	18,287,947	89,596,760	11,434,849	15,353,535	981,930,391
Additions	-	475,178,261	138,305,117	14,729,022	74,059,106	14,336,458	85,404,156	802,012,120
Transferred from capital work in progress	4,110,769	2,956,273	607,040	137,614	30,209,219	-	(38,020,915)	-
Transferred from MPL (Note 31)	2,868,382	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,868,382
Disposals - Cost	-	(57,593,830)	(1,186,988)	(32,509,751)	(6,792,387)	(22,479,198)	-	(120,562,154)
Disposals - Accumulated depreciation	-	57,593,830	1,116,191	32,455,664	6,481,557	22,428,637	-	120,075,879
Depreciation charge (Note 19)	(7,832,912)	(145,177,836)	(23,218,377)	(12,320,522)	(30,892,410)	(8,677,241)	-	(228,119,298)
Closing net book amount	49,956,063	1,083,313,025	161,714,132	20,779,974	162,661,845	17,043,505	62,736,776	1,558,205,320
At 31 December 2022								
Cost	157,798,565	1,966,288,917	221,819,261	63,247,161	367,009,832	53,229,356	62,736,776	2,892,129,868
Accumulated depreciation	(107,842,502)	(882,975,892)	(60,105,129)	(42,467,187)	(204,347,987)	(36,185,851)	-	(1,333,924,548)
Net book amount	49,956,063	1,083,313,025	161,714,132	20,779,974	162,661,845	17,043,505	62,736,776	1,558,205,320



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

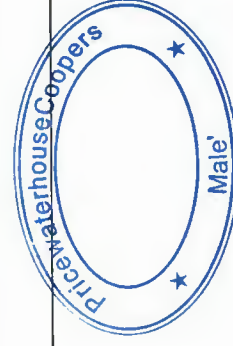
Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

6 Property, plant and equipment - Company

	Land improvements and buildings	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Furniture and office / communication equipment	Vessels	Sundry assets	Capital work-in-progress	Total
At 01 January 2021								
Cost	123,013,324	1,329,928,565	36,668,994	67,110,983	273,766,310	49,913,900	6,631,891	1,887,033,967
Accumulated depreciation	(82,155,556)	(698,268,425)	(30,673,836)	(54,525,832)	(173,029,366)	(44,431,144)	-	(1,083,084,159)
Net book amount	40,857,768	631,660,140	5,995,158	12,585,151	100,736,944	5,482,756	6,631,891	803,949,808
Year ended 31 December 2021								
Opening net book amount	40,857,768	631,660,140	5,995,158	12,585,151	100,736,944	5,482,756	6,631,891	803,949,808
Additions	-	215,830,118	2,601,864	14,097,054	368,990	11,278,497	17,416,462	261,592,985
Transferred from capital work in progress	-	-	-	-	8,694,818	-	(8,694,818)	-
Transferred from MPL (Note 31)	14,430,812	-	47,037,026	311,617	6,810,971	356,733	-	68,947,159
Transferred from investment property - cost	13,375,278	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,375,278
Transferred from investment property - depreciation	(11,335,080)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,335,080)
Disposals - Cost	-	(10,470)	(2,213,792)	(629,378)	(20,107,195)	(177,034)	-	(23,137,869)
Disposals - Accumulated depreciation	-	10,470	2,213,792	621,832	20,107,195	177,034	-	23,137,869
Depreciation charge (Note 19)	(6,518,954)	(97,133,931)	(9,542,899)	(8,698,329)	(27,014,963)	(5,683,137)	-	(154,592,213)
Closing net book value	50,809,824	750,356,327	46,091,149	18,287,947	89,596,760	11,434,849	15,353,535	981,930,391
At 31 December 2021								
Cost	150,819,414	1,545,748,213	84,094,092	80,890,276	269,533,894	61,372,096	15,353,535	2,207,811,520
Accumulated depreciation	(100,009,590)	(795,391,886)	(38,002,943)	(62,602,329)	(179,937,134)	(49,937,247)	-	(1,225,881,129)
Net book amount	50,809,824	750,356,327	46,091,149	18,287,947	89,596,760	11,434,849	15,353,535	981,930,391
Year ended 31 December 2022								
Opening net book amount	50,809,824	750,356,327	46,091,149	18,287,947	89,596,760	11,434,849	15,353,535	981,930,391
Additions	-	475,178,261	138,305,117	14,729,022	74,059,106	14,336,458	85,404,156	802,012,120
Transferred from capital work in progress	4,110,769	2,956,273	607,040	137,614	30,209,219	-	(38,020,915)	-
Transferred from MPL (Note 31)	2,868,382	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,868,382
Disposals - Cost	-	(57,593,830)	(1,186,988)	(32,509,751)	(6,792,387)	(22,479,198)	-	(120,562,154)
Disposals - Accumulated depreciation	-	57,593,830	1,116,191	32,455,664	6,481,557	22,428,637	-	120,075,879
Depreciation charge (Note 19)	(7,832,912)	(145,177,836)	(23,218,377)	(12,320,522)	(30,892,410)	(8,677,241)	-	(228,119,298)
Closing net book value	49,956,063	1,083,313,025	161,714,132	20,779,974	162,661,845	17,043,505	62,736,776	1,558,205,320
At 31 December 2022								
Cost	157,798,565	1,966,288,917	221,819,261	63,247,161	367,009,832	53,229,356	62,736,776	2,892,129,868
Accumulated depreciation	(107,842,502)	(882,975,892)	(60,105,129)	(42,467,187)	(204,347,987)	(36,185,851)	-	(1,333,924,548)
Net book amount	49,956,063	1,083,313,025	161,714,132	20,779,974	162,661,845	17,043,505	62,736,776	1,558,205,320



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

6 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(a) The buildings have been constructed on the land that belongs to the Government of Maldives, for which a rental of MVR 4,389,794 (2021: MVR 4,389,794) is expensed per annum.

(b) Capital work in progress includes construction of ferries and buildings.

(c) Depreciation expense of the Company included in cost of goods sold amounting to MVR 209,660,074 (2021: MVR 141,922,371) and administrative expenses amounting to MVR 18,459,224 (2021: MVR 12,669,842).

(d) Demand loans, bank overdraft, LC facilities and bank guarantees from the banks and other financial institutions are secured over MTCC Tower, MTCC Building land, Rentals Plaza, barges (Huvan, kurimagu 8 and 10), tug boats (Tango 6, 7, 8 and 575), steel landing craft (Leema 1 and 2), dredgers (Mahaa Jarrafu, Jarraafa 4 and Jarrafa 3), buses and machineries (excavators, wheel loaders, dump trucks and bulldozers, cranes, crane lorries, mixer trucks) amounting to MVR 1,233,752,954. Mortgaged values are provided in (Note 15).

6.1 Investment properties

Non-current assets - at cost	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cost				
Opening balance	23,078,123	36,453,401	26,863,324	40,238,602
Transferred to PPE	-	(13,375,278)	-	(13,375,278)
Closing balance	23,078,123	23,078,123	26,863,324	26,863,324
Depreciation				
Opening balance	5,291,242	13,917,770	6,111,369	14,359,377
Transferred to PPE	-	(11,335,080)	-	(11,335,080)
Depreciation for the year	2,307,812	2,708,552	2,686,332	3,087,072
Closing balance	7,599,054	5,291,242	8,797,701	6,111,369
Net book value	15,479,069	17,786,881	18,065,623	20,751,955

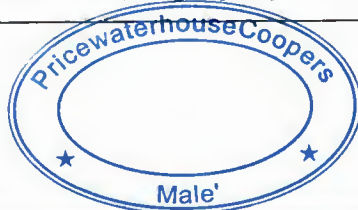
Investment properties are accounted for in accordance with the cost model as set out in IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment – cost less accumulated depreciation and less accumulated impairment losses.

(i) Amounts recognised in profit or loss for investment properties

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Rental income from operating leases	14,137,157	13,325,874	14,137,157	13,325,874
Direct operating expenses for property that generated rental income	-	(1,266,187)	-	(1,266,187)

(ii) Leasing arrangements

The investment properties are leased to tenants under operating leases with rentals receivable monthly. Where considered necessary to reduce credit risk, the group may obtain bank guarantees for the term of the lease.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

6 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

6.1 Investment properties (continued)

Minimum lease rentals receivable on leases of investment properties are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Within 1 year	13,918,322	4,937,157	13,918,322	4,937,157
Between 1 to 2 years	2,329,261	4,318,322	2,329,261	4,318,322
Between 2 to 3 years	-	1,929,261	-	1,929,261
	16,247,583	11,184,740	16,247,583	11,184,740

The fair value of the investment properties as of 31 December 2022 in accordance with the valuation made by the directors of the Company amounting to MVR 153,714,449. The valuation was performed based on the discounted rental income from the properties, which is level 3 input.

6.2 Leases

This note provides information for leases where the group is a lessee.

(i) Amounts recognised in the statement of financial position

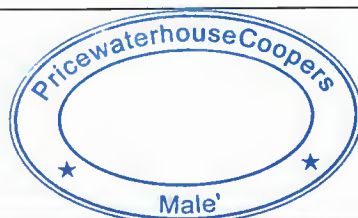
The statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

	Group		Company	
	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-21
Right-of-use assets				
Lands	74,249,271	18,539,387	74,249,271	18,539,387
Building	12,765,487	13,085,912	12,765,487	13,085,912
Houses	212,736	598,043	212,736	598,043
Vessels	11,304,758	52,314,774	11,304,758	52,314,774
	98,532,252	84,538,116	98,532,252	84,538,116

	Group		Company	
	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-21
Opening balance	84,538,116	43,142,122	84,538,116	43,142,122
Add: new lease assets	57,864,641	68,814,603	57,864,641	68,814,603
Less: Lease derecognition	(15,209,450)	-	(15,209,450)	-
Depreciation charge of ROU (Note 19)	(28,661,055)	(27,418,609)	(28,661,055)	(27,418,609)
Closing balance	98,532,252	84,538,116	98,532,252	84,538,116

	Group		Company	
	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-21
Lease liabilities				
Current	25,443,271	25,389,222	25,443,271	25,389,222
Non-current	83,142,566	68,036,649	83,142,566	68,036,649
	108,585,837	93,425,871	108,585,837	93,425,871

Movement in the lease liability during the year as follows:



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

6 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

6.2 Leases (continued)

	Group		Company	
	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-22	31-Dec-21
Opening balance	93,425,871	52,207,491	93,425,871	52,207,491
Add: New lease liabilities recognised	57,864,641	68,814,603	57,864,641	68,814,603
Add: Accrued interest (Note 21)	9,785,013	11,363,744	9,785,013	11,363,744
Less: Interest paid	(9,785,013)	(11,363,744)	(9,785,013)	(11,363,744)
Less: Lease derecognition	(16,007,941)	-	(16,007,941)	-
Less: Principal elements of leases paid	(26,696,734)	(27,596,223)	(26,696,734)	(27,596,223)
Closing balance	108,585,837	93,425,871	108,585,837	93,425,871

(ii) Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss

Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets (Note 19)

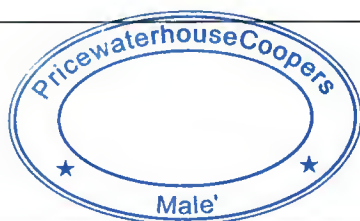
Lands	(3,492,112)	(6,015,755)	(3,492,112)	(6,015,755)
Building	(1,869,426)	(1,602,357)	(1,869,426)	(1,602,357)
Houses	(1,448,985)	(2,424,479)	(1,448,985)	(2,424,479)
Vessels	(21,850,532)	(17,376,018)	(21,850,532)	(17,376,018)
	(28,661,055)	(27,418,609)	(28,661,055)	(27,418,609)

Expense relating to short-term leases of the group included in cost of goods sold amounting to MVR 114,496,303 (2021: MVR 84,059,679) and administrative expenses amounting to MVR 11,003,732 (2021: MVR 10,034,897).

Interest expense included in finance costs (Note 21)

(9,785,013)	(11,363,744)	(9,785,013)	(11,363,744)
(9,785,013)	(11,363,744)	(9,785,013)	(11,363,744)

The total cash outflow for leases in 2022 was MVR 36,481,747 (2021: MVR 38,959,967) and prepaid leases related to 2022 was MVR 147,863 (2021: MVR 246,432).



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

7 Intangible assets

	Group		Company	
At 01 January	2022	2021	2022	2021
Opening net book amount	27,339,164	26,140,072	27,339,164	26,140,072
Additions	1,135,779	3,460,109	1,135,779	3,460,109
Transferred from MPL (Note 31)	-	1,597,321	-	1,597,321
Amortization charge (Note 19)	(4,843,250)	(3,858,338)	(4,843,250)	(3,858,338)
Closing net book amount	23,631,693	27,339,164	23,631,693	27,339,164
Cost	36,844,218	35,708,439	36,839,426	35,703,647
Amortization charge	(13,212,525)	(8,369,275)	(13,207,733)	(8,364,483)
Net book amount	23,631,693	27,339,164	23,631,693	27,339,164

Intangible assets include Enterprise Resource Plan (ERP) software with a carrying value of MVR 17,742,684 with a remaining amortisation period of 7 years.

8 Investment in subsidiary and associate

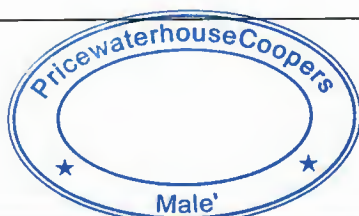
8.1 Investment in subsidiary

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Maldives Real Estate Investment Corporation Private Limited (MREIC)	-	-	346,565	4,228,449
Opening balance	-	-	4,228,449	5,148,840
Less: Provision for impairment (Note 19)	-	-	(3,881,884)	(920,391)
Closing balance	-	-	346,565	4,228,449

The Company is engaged in the business of development and management of housing units and providing all kinds of repair and maintenance services. MREIC is a fully owned subsidiary of the Company.

As per the decision taken by the shareholders on 23 July 2020, it has been decided to liquidate the Company. The financial statements of the subsidiary have been prepared other than a going concern basis of accounting reflecting the cessation of the operations of the Company based on a decision made by the shareholders.

Management has determined the recoverable amount from investment in the subsidiary by assessing the fair value less cost of disposal of the underlying assets. The valuation is considered to level 3 in the fair value hierarchy due to unobservable input used in the valuation. During the year the management has made a provision for impairment amounting to MVR 3,882,071 (2021: MVR 920,391) over the investments considering the cessation of subsidiary operations to bring down the investment value to the net asset value as at 31 December 2022. The impairment loss is included in other operating expenses in the statement of profit or loss of the Company, which does not impact the group's profit or loss.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

8.2 Investment in associate

	Group 2022	2021	Company 2022	2021
Opening balance	-	-	-	-
Acquisition of new shares	16,275,500	-	16,275,500	-
Provision for impairment	(16,275,500)	-	(16,275,500)	-
Closing balance	-	-	-	-

During the year the board of directors of the associate company ("Airport Investments Maldives PVT LTD") decided to settle its due by issuing new shares to the existing shareholders and subsequently liquidate the company. Accordingly, the Company has invested MVR 16,275,500 in the associate company and the management has decided to make a full impairment provision on the new investment made following the director's decision to liquidate the associate company.

Further, no audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 are available for the associate company. The latest available audited financial statements relating to the associate company is as of 31 December 2017.

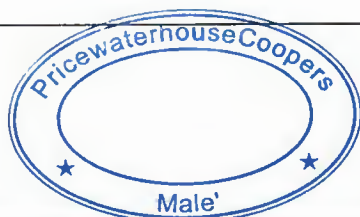
9 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Group 2022	2021	Company 2022	2021
Shares in Bank of Maldives Plc	169,799,400	51,487,560	169,799,400	51,487,560
At the end of the year	169,799,400	51,487,560	169,799,400	51,487,560

Equity investments at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI), comprising principally marketable equity securities, are measured at fair value annually at the close of business on 31 December. For investments traded in active markets, fair value is determined by reference to the Maldives Stock Exchange quoted bid prices at Level 1 hierarchy.

Movement of the equity investments is as follows;

	Opening balance	Movement during the year	Closing balance
As at 31 December 2022			
Number of shares	219,096	-	219,096
Cost	2,389,302	-	2,389,302
Fair value	51,487,560	118,311,840	169,799,400
As at 31 December 2021			
Number of shares	219,096	-	219,096
Cost	2,389,302	-	2,389,302
Fair value	47,105,640	4,381,920	51,487,560



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

10 Deferred tax asset

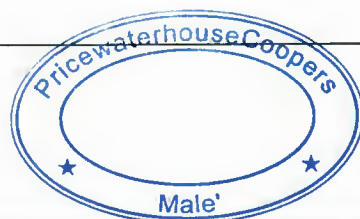
	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Balance as at 1 January	78,856,017	69,236,294	78,856,017	69,236,294
Amounts recognized in profit and loss	12,499,138	11,294,199	12,499,138	11,294,199
Amounts recognized in OCI				
- Financial assets at FVOCI	(17,746,776)	(657,288)	(17,746,776)	(657,288)
- Effect on employee retirement benefit	(1,342,269)	(1,017,188)	(1,342,269)	(1,017,188)
Balance as at 31 December	72,266,110	78,856,017	72,266,110	78,856,017

Deferred tax asset as at 31 December 2022

	Group		Company	
	Temporary difference	Tax effect	Temporary difference	Tax effect
Property, plant and equipment	495,350,524	74,302,579	495,350,524	74,302,579
Provisions and impairments	121,733,865	18,260,080	121,733,865	18,260,080
Financial assets at FVOCI	(167,410,098)	(25,111,515)	(167,410,098)	(25,111,515)
Employee retirement benefit	32,099,774	4,814,966	32,099,774	4,814,966
	481,774,065	72,266,110	481,774,065	72,266,110

Deferred tax asset as at 31 December 2021

	Group		Company	
	Temporary difference	Tax effect	Temporary difference	Tax effect
Property, plant and equipment	427,258,774	64,088,816	427,258,774	64,088,816
Provisions and impairments	115,471,169	17,320,675	115,471,169	17,320,675
Financial assets at FVOCI	(49,098,258)	(7,364,739)	(49,098,258)	(7,364,739)
Employee retirement benefit	32,075,102	4,811,265	32,075,102	4,811,265
	525,706,787	78,856,017	525,706,787	78,856,017



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

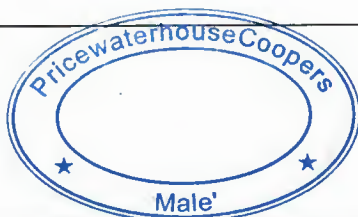
(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

11 Contract assets, trade and other receivables

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	153,433,988	193,800,090	142,341,747	182,615,697
Retention receivable from contracts	9,445,981	7,186,434	9,445,981	7,186,434
Less: provision for impairment of trade receivables	(42,069,186)	(37,802,157)	(30,976,945)	(30,472,950)
Trade receivables, retention and contract assets	120,810,783	163,184,367	120,810,783	159,329,181
Deposits	16,625,257	14,564,847	16,625,257	14,564,847
Other receivables	384,789,572	298,411,514	384,789,572	297,918,835
Receivables from related parties [Note 28 (ii)]	626,901,221	551,434,203	629,651,860	554,039,384
Less: provision for impairment of related party receivables	(32,031,412)	(53,061,292)	(32,031,412)	(53,061,292)
Balance C/F	1,117,095,421	974,533,639	1,119,846,060	972,790,955
Non-financial assets				
Other receivables	43,669,172	49,995,912	43,669,172	49,995,912
Contract assets	334,814,048	331,167,352	334,814,048	331,167,352
Prepayments	109,635,634	105,149,284	109,635,634	105,149,284
Less : Provision for impairment of contract assets	(292,293)	(2,049,479)	(292,293)	(2,049,479)
Less : Provision for impairment of other receivables	(41,116,339)	(44,996,316)	(41,116,339)	(44,996,316)
	446,710,222	439,266,753	446,710,222	439,266,753
	1,563,805,643	1,413,800,392	1,566,556,282	1,412,057,708
<i>Classified as:</i>				
Trade and other receivables				
- Non-current	8,820,662	9,793,439	8,820,662	9,793,439
- Current	1,220,170,933	1,072,839,601	1,222,921,572	1,071,096,917
Contract assets	334,814,048	331,167,352	334,814,048	331,167,352
	1,563,805,643	1,413,800,392	1,566,556,282	1,412,057,708

Group's prepayments and deposits mainly consist of supplier prepayments of MVR 64,706,407 (2021: MVR 61,293,187), prepaid LC payments of MVR 29,003,251 (2021: MVR 32,351,898), prepaid insurance MVR 12,471,440 (2021: MVR 6,572,692) and refundable deposits of MVR 16,625,257 (2021: MVR 14,564,847).

Group's other receivables (financial assets) mainly consist of subsidy income of MVR 346,715,481 (2021: MVR 234,659,600), LC margin of MVR 35,254,157 (2021: MVR 62,563,716) and other receivables (non-financial assets) consist of input tax of MVR 6,043,310 (2021: MVR 538,799), advance paid to suppliers MVR 28,919,927 (2021: MVR 44,976,496) and cash advance of MVR 8,706,025 (2021: MVR 4,263,775).



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

11 Contract assets, trade and other receivables (continued)

The Group provision for trade and other receivables comprise collective provision for trade receivables amounting to MVR 69,515,633 (2021: MVR 86,810,430), contract assets amounting to MVR 292,294 (2021: MVR 2,049,479), retention receivables amounting to MVR 462,307 (2021: MVR 1,484,382), provision for tawmil taksit credit scheme amounting to MVR 4,122,657 (2021: MVR 2,568,637) and provision for other receivables and deposits amounting to MVR 41,116,339 (2021: MVR 44,996,316). The provision for other receivable is estimated by the management by assessing creditworthiness and other available information of those parties which the company has transacted. Since the estimated impairment of other receivables are significant unobservable input, the fair value of the other receivables is classified as a level 3 fair value. The impairment loss is included in other operating expenses in the statement of profit or loss of the group. The movement of provision for trade and other receivables are as follows:

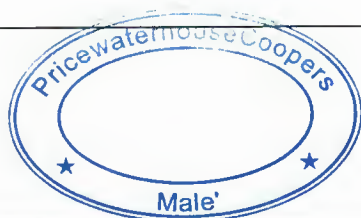
The carrying amount of the trade and other receivables approximates its fair value and the movement of provision for trade and other receivables are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Opening balance	137,909,244	116,199,001	130,580,037	109,131,501
Amounts written-off during the year	-	(8,400,884)	-	(8,400,884)
Provisions (reversed) / made during the year	(22,400,015)	30,111,127	(26,163,049)	29,849,420
Closing balance	115,509,229	137,909,244	104,416,988	130,580,037

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Provision for impairment of trade receivables	37,946,528	35,233,520	26,854,287	27,904,313
Provision for impairment of related party receivables	32,031,412	53,061,292	32,031,412	53,061,292
Provision for impairment of contract assets	292,293	2,049,479	292,293	2,049,479
Provision for tawmil taksit credit scheme	4,122,657	2,568,637	4,122,657	2,568,637
Provision for other receivables and deposits	41,116,339	44,996,316	41,116,339	44,996,316
	115,509,229	137,909,244	104,416,988	130,580,037

Trade receivable includes receivables under tawmil taksit credit schemes (Shariah compliant) amounting to MVR 31,414,640 (2021: MVR 37,624,142) net of deferred profit of MVR 3,763,780 (2021: MVR 5,465,314), the movement of the scheme is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
At the beginning of the year	43,089,456	42,973,864	43,089,456	42,973,864
- Sales made during the year	16,091,988	23,705,081	16,091,988	23,705,081
- Payments received during the year	(24,003,024)	(23,589,489)	(24,003,024)	(23,589,489)
At the end of the year	35,178,420	43,089,456	35,178,420	43,089,456
Less : deferred tawmil taksit profit	(3,763,780)	(5,465,314)	(3,763,780)	(5,465,314)
	31,414,640	37,624,142	31,414,640	37,624,142



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

11 Contract assets, trade and other receivables (continued)

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Maturity of the tawmil taksit scheme:				
Below 1 year	22,593,978	27,830,703	22,593,978	27,830,703
Between 1 to 2 years	8,820,662	9,793,439	8,820,662	9,793,439
	<u>31,414,640</u>	<u>37,624,142</u>	<u>31,414,640</u>	<u>37,624,142</u>

12 Inventories

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Work in progress - projects	82,237,330	70,288,500	82,237,330	70,288,500
Materials - contracting department	444,015,835	168,321,127	444,015,835	168,321,127
Lubricants, paints and materials	41,603,596	36,708,616	41,603,596	36,708,616
Engines, generators and spare parts	132,626,772	107,203,467	132,626,772	107,203,467
Consumables	190,191,614	94,357,688	190,191,614	94,357,688
Provision for non moving items	(47,769,046)	(36,624,594)	(47,769,046)	(36,624,594)
	<u>842,906,101</u>	<u>440,254,804</u>	<u>842,906,101</u>	<u>440,254,804</u>

13 Cash and cash equivalents

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cash in hand	78,871	119,993	70,702	111,824
Cash at bank	49,097,657	71,735,466	46,002,145	68,727,653
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>49,176,528</u>	<u>71,855,459</u>	<u>46,072,847</u>	<u>68,839,477</u>

The above figures reconcile to the amount of cash shown in the statement of cash flows at the end of the financial year as follows:

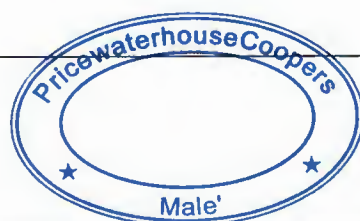
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	49,176,528	71,855,459	46,072,847	68,839,477
Bank overdrafts (Note 15)	(7,407,216)	(21,547,750)	(7,407,216)	(21,547,750)
	<u>41,769,312</u>	<u>50,307,709</u>	<u>38,665,631</u>	<u>47,291,727</u>

14 Share capital and reserves

a) Share capital and share premium

	Number of shares	Amount MVR
At 1 January 2021	8,037,749	40,188,745
At 31 December 2021	<u>8,037,749</u>	<u>40,188,745</u>
At 31 December 2022	<u>8,037,749</u>	<u>40,188,745</u>

The total authorized number of ordinary shares are 25,000,000 shares (2021: 25,000,000 shares) with a par value of MVR 5.00 per share (2021: MVR 5.00 per share). All the issued shares are fully paid.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

14 Share capital and reserves (continued)

b) General reserves

General reserves are the retained earnings of a company which are kept aside out of the Company's profits to increase the working capital, to issue bonus shares and to strengthen the financial position of the company.

c) Share premium

Share premium is the amount received by a company over and above the face value of its shares, the Company has issued new rights issue of 3,037,749 ordinary shares at MVR 62 per share with a share premium of MVR 57 per share at the par value of MVR 5 during the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

d) Fair value reserves

Fair value reserves are the net of revaluation gain or loss (except for impairment losses) from FVOCI financial assets, gain or loss from revaluations are recognized under statement of other comprehensive income whether it is due to normal market fluctuations.

15 Borrowings and bank overdrafts

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Non-current				
Bank and other borrowings	376,833,026	173,354,886	376,833,026	173,354,886
Current				
Bank overdrafts (Note 13)	7,407,216	21,547,750	7,407,216	21,547,750
Bank and other borrowings	216,325,057	102,400,083	216,325,057	102,400,083
	223,732,273	123,947,833	223,732,273	123,947,833
Total borrowings	600,565,299	297,302,719	600,565,299	297,302,719

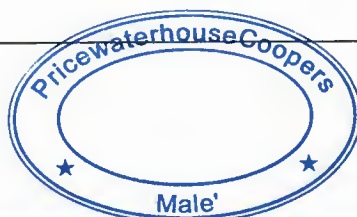
Demand loans, bank overdraft, LC facilities and bank guarantees from the banks and other financial institutions are secured over MTCC Tower (MVR 74,059,210), Rentals Plaza (MVR 198,100,000), MTCC building land (MVR 42,000,000), barges (Huvan (9,868,800), kurimagu 8 (MVR 2,245,424) and 10 (MVR 2,287,068)), tug boats (Tango 6 (MVR 8,468,750), 7 (MVR 9,868,800), 8 (MVR 9,654,958) and 575 (MVR 5,535,899)), steel landing craft (Leema 1 (MVR 4,549,753), 2 (MVR 9,115,995)), dredgers (Mahaa Jarrafu (MVR 507,009,279), Jarraafa 4 (MVR 33,537,072) and Jarrafa 3 (19,654,714)) machineries (excavators (MVR 93,515,057), wheel loaders (MVR 11,046,708) bulldozers (MVR 12,184,331), crane (MVR 23,302,727) crane lorry (MVR 3,438,332), Dump Truck (MVR 30,008,187), mixer truck (MVR 4,423,400)) and vehicles ((Bus MVR 108,806,752), Pickup (MVR 5,800,719)), and others (MVR 5,271,018).

Maturity of non-current borrowings:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Between 1 to 2 years	284,490,336	86,037,433	284,490,336	86,037,433
Between 3 to 5 years	92,342,690	87,317,453	92,342,690	87,317,453
	376,833,026	173,354,886	376,833,026	173,354,886

The interest rate exposure of the borrowings of the Group / Company is as follows :

- at floating rate	162,344,564	179,475,671	162,344,564	179,475,671
- at fixed rates	438,220,735	117,827,048	438,220,735	117,827,048
	600,565,299	297,302,719	600,565,299	297,302,719



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

16 Shareholder loan

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Loans from a shareholder (Note 28 v)	277,344,335	277,344,335	277,344,335	277,344,335
Classified as :				
Non-current	92,259,901	129,094,335	92,259,901	129,094,335
Current	185,084,434	148,250,000	185,084,434	148,250,000
	277,344,335	277,344,335	277,344,335	277,344,335

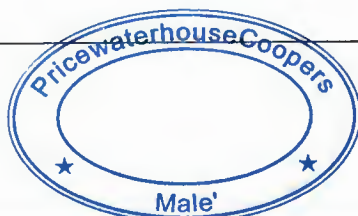
Terms and conditions of loans are set out in Note 28.

17 Contract liabilities, trade and other payables

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Trade payables	740,596,149	411,032,918	740,596,149	411,032,918
Accrued expenses	32,033,424	17,533,568	32,033,424	17,533,568
Payables to related parties (Note 28 iii)	546,609,121	347,397,930	546,609,121	347,397,930
Contract liabilities	121,048,638	40,432,306	121,048,638	40,432,306
Employee retirement benefit - Note 17(a)	33,481,400	33,456,728	33,481,400	33,456,728
Payable for acquisition of land	36,000,000	36,000,000	36,000,000	36,000,000
Payable for acquisition of MPL Assets	21,353,296	20,972,772	21,353,296	20,972,772
Other payables	160,178,871	144,477,400	160,172,395	143,881,488
	1,691,300,899	1,051,303,622	1,691,294,423	1,050,707,710
<i>Classified as:</i>				
Non-current				
Trade and other payables	114,858,676	90,248,352	114,858,676	90,248,352
Employee retirement benefit	33,481,400	33,456,728	33,481,400	33,456,728
	148,340,076	123,705,080	148,340,076	123,705,080
Current				
Trade and other payables	1,421,912,185	887,166,236	1,421,905,709	886,570,324
Contract liabilities	121,048,638	40,432,306	121,048,638	40,432,306
	1,542,960,823	927,598,542	1,542,954,347	927,002,630

Other payables of the Group consist of unpaid dividend amounting to MVR 57,926,383 (2021: MVR 73,089,973), GST payable amounting to MVR 51,991,364 (2021: MVR 16,393,534), advance received from customers amounting to MVR 29,050,596 (2021: MVR 34,903,541), retention payable MVR 2,428,928 (2021: MVR 2,171,184), refundable deposits MVR 6,675,161 (2021: MVR 6,267,861), provision for defects amounting to MVR 2,091,557 (2021: MVR 2,116,430) and miscellaneous payable amounting to MVR 10,014,882 (2021: MVR 9,534,878).

Payable for acquisition of land (accounted under inventories in Note 12) for which the Group has a commitment to pay for the acquisition of the land to construct housing units for the Company staff and other customers.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

17 Contract liabilities, trade and other payables (continued)

a) Employee retirement benefit	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Opening balance	33,456,728	30,474,704	33,456,728	30,474,704
Current service cost	9,267,191	9,342,558	9,267,191	9,342,558
Transferred employees from Maldives Ports Ltd [Note 31]	-	563,965	-	563,965
Interest cost	1,539,009	1,401,836	1,539,009	1,401,836
Actuarial gain	(8,948,458)	(6,781,255)	(8,948,458)	(6,781,255)
	35,314,470	35,001,808	35,314,470	35,001,808
Less: payments during the year	(1,833,070)	(1,545,080)	(1,833,070)	(1,545,080)
Closing balance	33,481,400	33,456,728	33,481,400	33,456,728

Following amounts are recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the year in respect of retirement benefit obligation:

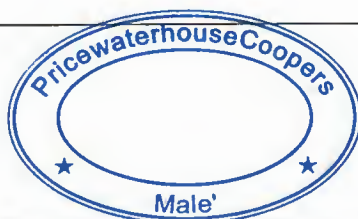
	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
<i>Amount recognized in profit or loss (Note 20)</i>				
Current service cost	9,267,191	9,342,558	9,267,191	9,342,558
Interest cost	1,539,009	1,401,836	1,539,009	1,401,836
	10,806,200	10,744,394	10,806,200	10,744,394

Amount recognized in other comprehensive income

Actuarial loss due to changes in assumptions	(4,006,641)	(581,641)	(4,006,641)	(581,641)
Actuarial gain due to changes in experience	(4,941,817)	(6,199,614)	(4,941,817)	(6,199,614)
Actuarial gain	(8,948,458)	(6,781,255)	(8,948,458)	(6,781,255)

Employee retirement obligation is actuarially valued by Mr. P. Gunasekara, AAIA, as at 31 December 2022 and the appropriate adjustments have been adjusted in the financial statements. Key assumptions used in the calculation are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Expected salary inflation	1% from 2023	1% from 2022	1% from 2023	1% from 2022
Discount rate	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%	4.60%
Mortality rate	Age 67-70	Age 67-70	Age 67-70	Age 67-70
Staff turnover rate	15% - 31 % - Age 55	11% - 28 % - Age 55	15% - 31 % - Age 55	11% - 28 % - Age 55
Disability / illness rate	10 % - Age 67-70	10 % - Age 67-70	10 % - Age 67-70	10 % - Age 67-70



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

17 Contract liabilities, trade and other payables (continued)

Significant estimates: actuarial assumptions and sensitivity

Sensitivity of assumptions employed in actuarial valuation

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the key assumptions employed with all other variables held constant in the employment benefit liability measurement.

The sensitivity of the statement of financial position is the effect of the assumed changes in discount rate and salary increment rate on the profit or loss and employment benefit obligation for the year.

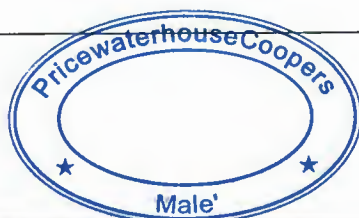
	Group / Company			
	2022		2021	
	Liability	Change	Liability	Change
1% increase in salary inflation rate	34,156,536	675,136	34,379,276	922,548
1% decrease in salary inflation rate	32,886,010	(595,390)	32,660,747	(795,981)
1% increase in discount rate	31,463,649	(2,017,751)	30,880,718	(2,576,010)
1% decrease in discount rate	35,760,942	2,279,542	36,444,801	2,988,073
1% increase in staff turnover rate	32,869,158	(612,242)	32,627,274	(829,454)
1% decrease in staff turnover rate	34,145,755	664,355	34,351,279	894,551

Analysis of maturity profile

The analysis was performed based on the future working life time of each individual employee. The expected future working life considers the probability of an exit due to withdrawal, death or disability prior to retirement date.

Group / Company as at 31 December 2022

Future expected working life	Number of employees	Average future expected working life	Retirement benefit obligation
Within the next 12 months	20	0.48	744,383
Between 1-2 years	21	1.58	1,271,767
Between 2-5 years	1,325	4.07	9,627,778
Between 5-10 years	2,646	5.73	21,837,472
Beyond 10 years	-	-	-
Total	4,012	5.14	33,481,400



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

17 Contract liabilities, trade and other payables (continued)

Group / Company as at 31 December 2021

Future expected working life	Number of employees	Average future expected working life	Retirement benefit obligation
Within the next 12 months	16	0.54	551,835
Between 1-2 years	9	1.46	180,763
Between 2-5 years	181	3.43	6,756,128
Between 5-10 years	2,924	6.90	25,968,002
Beyond 10 years	-	-	-
Total	3,130	6.65	33,456,728

Analysis of duration of service

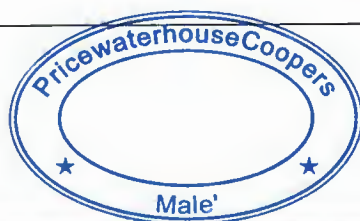
The analysis was performed based on the duration of service by each individual employee.

Group as at 31 December 2022

Period of service in years	Number of employees	Retirement benefit obligation	Current service cost
Less than 12 months	1,335	-	-
Between 1-4 years	1,653	758,045	618,923
Between 5-9 years	549	1,517,798	668,369
Between 10-14 years	225	3,359,294	966,813
Between 15-19 years	236	23,985,984	6,280,030
20 years and above	14	3,860,279	733,056
Total	4,012	33,481,400	9,267,191

Group as at 31 December 2021

Period of service in years	Number of employees	Retirement benefit obligation	Current service cost
Less than 12 months	1,269	-	-
Between 1-4 years	795	1,001,641	753,120
Between 5-9 years	592	2,595,946	1,228,704
Between 10-14 years	259	5,131,514	1,483,890
Between 15-19 years	203	21,354,093	5,847,993
20 years and above	12	3,373,535	592,816
Total	3,130	33,456,728	9,906,522



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

17 Contract liabilities, trade and other payables (continued)

Company as at 31 December 2022

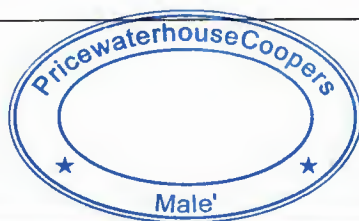
Period of service in years	Number of employees	Retirement benefit obligation	Current service cost
Less than 12 months	1,335	-	-
Between 1-4 years	1,653	758,045	618,923
Between 5-9 years	549	1,517,798	668,369
Between 10-14 years	225	3,359,294	966,813
Between 15-19 years	236	23,985,984	6,280,030
20 years and above	14	3,860,279	733,056
Total	4,012	33,481,400	9,267,191

Company as at 31 December 2021

Period of service in years	Number of employees	Retirement benefit obligation	Current service cost
Less than 12 months	1,269	-	-
Between 1-4 years	795	1,001,641	753,120
Between 5-9 years	592	2,595,946	1,228,704
Between 10-14 years	259	5,131,514	1,483,890
Between 15-19 years	203	21,354,093	5,847,993
20 years and above	12	3,373,535	592,816
Total	3,130	33,456,728	9,906,522

b) Assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current contract assets relating to construction contracts	334,814,048	331,167,352	334,814,048	331,167,352
Less: loss allowance	(292,293)	(2,049,479)	(292,293)	(2,049,479)
Total contract assets	334,521,755	329,117,873	334,521,755	329,117,873
Current contract liabilities relating to construction contracts	121,048,638	40,432,306	121,048,638	40,432,306
Total current contract liabilities	121,048,638	40,432,306	121,048,638	40,432,306
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period	37,956,765	85,414,683	37,956,765	85,414,683



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

18 Other income

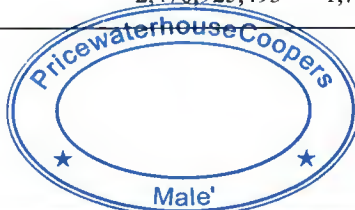
	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Other income	5,226,100	7,117,508	5,221,937	7,117,508
Dividend income	10,516,608	8,982,936	10,516,608	8,982,936
Rent income	17,175,604	17,470,039	17,175,604	17,470,039
Government subsidy	346,180,912	144,448,835	346,180,912	144,448,835
Tawmil taksit profit	3,949,458	3,868,634	3,949,458	3,868,634
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	346,167	1,280,665	346,167	1,280,665
Reversal of impairment loss on other receivables	116,943	-	3,879,977	-
Reversal of impairment loss on financial and contract assets	22,283,072	-	22,283,072	-
Reversal of provision for defects liability	24,873	-	24,873	-
	405,819,737	183,168,617	409,578,608	183,168,617

The Government of Maldives has granted a subsidy of MVR 346,180,912 (2021: MVR 144,448,835) to compensate the total losses incurred from the transport segment of the Company, which is shown under other receivables.

Other income mainly consist of commission income from auction sales, sales rebate income from suppliers, advertisement income and fine charges collected from customers.

19 Expenses

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Depreciation - PPE (Note 6)	228,119,298	154,592,213	228,119,298	154,592,213
Depreciation - Investment property (Note 6.1)	2,307,812	2,708,552	2,686,332	3,087,072
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets (Note 6.2)	28,661,055	27,418,609	28,661,055	27,418,609
Amortization of intangible assets (Note 7)	4,843,250	3,858,338	4,843,250	3,858,338
Employee benefit expense (Note 20)	605,771,711	430,020,302	605,771,711	430,020,302
Materials and consumables	1,268,906,887	891,768,862	1,268,906,887	891,768,862
Director fees	1,142,000	1,296,500	1,142,000	1,296,500
Lease rent and hiring expenses	125,500,035	94,094,576	125,500,035	94,094,576
Sub contract expenses	14,303,329	8,385,669	14,303,329	8,385,669
Repairs and maintenance	29,057,536	49,248,074	29,057,536	49,248,074
Transportation, travel and inspection	30,722,823	17,405,337	30,722,823	17,405,337
Utilities and communication expense	69,190,424	48,764,988	69,190,424	48,763,001
Accounting and professional charges	3,669,332	1,647,395	3,669,332	1,632,303
Consultation, legal and service charges	7,361,097	5,272,124	7,361,097	5,272,124
Bank charges	19,244,110	10,070,391	19,244,110	10,066,807
Advertising, promotion and marketing	12,328,836	9,763,164	12,328,836	9,763,164
Training expenses	13,298,677	6,755,205	13,298,677	6,755,205
License and registration fees	4,489,362	2,929,106	4,489,362	2,929,106
Printing and stationery	7,112,542	4,904,008	7,112,542	4,904,008
Security charges	410,390	151,885	410,390	151,885
Loss on sale of assets	484,987	7,298	484,987	7,298
Balance c/f	2,476,925,493	1,771,062,596	2,477,304,013	1,771,420,453



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

19 Expenses (continued)

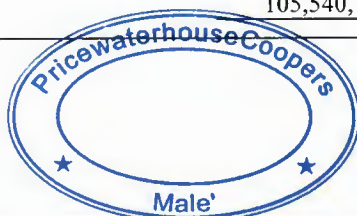
	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Balance b/f	2,476,925,493	1,771,062,596	2,477,304,013	1,771,420,453
Provision for defects liability	-	642,200	-	642,200
Provision for obsolete inventory	11,144,452	3,249,594	11,144,452	3,249,594
Provision for impairment of investments in subsidiary (Note 8.1)	-	-	3,881,884	920,391
Provision for impairment of investments in associate (Note 8.2)	16,275,500	-	16,275,500	-
Impairment loss on financial and contract assets	-	4,498,500	-	4,236,793
Impairment loss on other receivables	-	25,612,627	-	25,612,627
Other expenses	47,822,548	25,833,876	47,699,534	25,195,855
Total	2,552,167,993	1,830,899,393	2,556,305,383	1,831,277,913
Classified as:				
- cost of sales	2,177,682,581	1,570,004,197	2,177,682,581	1,570,004,197
- selling and marketing expenses	12,328,836	9,763,164	12,328,836	9,763,164
- administrative expenses	323,702,684	212,595,472	324,081,204	212,973,992
- other operating expenses	38,453,892	34,038,060	42,212,762	34,299,767
- Impairment loss on financial and contract assets	-	4,498,500	-	4,236,793
	2,552,167,993	1,830,899,393	2,556,305,383	1,831,277,913

20 Employee benefit expense

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Wage and salaries	358,964,966	248,855,385	358,964,966	248,855,385
Other allowance	189,224,279	139,260,551	189,224,279	139,260,551
Pension contribution	12,594,261	8,896,962	12,594,261	8,896,962
Staff food allowance	18,303,483	14,230,020	18,303,483	14,230,020
Staff medical expenses	1,022,740	504,880	1,022,740	504,880
Retirement benefit (Note 17)	10,806,200	10,744,394	10,806,200	10,744,394
Visa fees	8,831,009	6,103,749	8,831,009	6,103,749
Staff welfare	6,024,773	1,424,361	6,024,773	1,424,361
	605,771,711	430,020,302	605,771,711	430,020,302

21 Finance costs (net)

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Finance cost				
- Interest expense on leases	9,785,013	11,363,744	9,785,013	11,363,744
- Interest expense on other payables	7,396,825	2,843,524	7,396,825	2,843,524
- Interest expense on borrowings	60,091,807	34,462,437	60,091,807	34,462,437
- Interest expense on bank overdraft	2,525,653	1,118,657	2,525,653	1,118,657
- Net foreign exchange loss / (gain)	25,741,423	(1,188,324)	25,741,423	(1,188,324)
	105,540,721	48,600,038	105,540,721	48,600,038



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

21 Finance costs (net) - continued

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Finance income				
- Interest income from projects under financing	(10,462,833)	(169,828)	(10,462,833)	(169,828)
- Interest income	(447,222)	(1,000,000)	(447,222)	(1,000,000)
	(10,910,055)	(1,169,828)	(10,910,055)	(1,169,828)
Net finance costs	94,630,666	47,430,210	94,630,666	47,430,210

22 Tax expense

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current tax expense	45,931,718	51,431,397	45,931,718	51,431,397
Deferred tax (Note 10)	(12,499,138)	(11,294,199)	(12,499,138)	(11,294,199)
	33,432,580	40,137,198	33,432,580	40,137,198

Reconciliations between income tax expenses and the accounting profit :

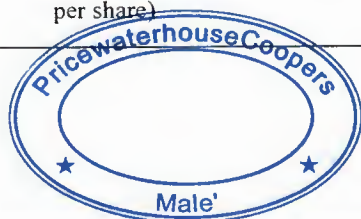
	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Profit before tax	229,531,957	271,822,281	229,153,438	271,443,761
Tax calculated at the rate of 15%	34,429,794	40,773,342	34,373,016	40,716,564
Add: tax on non-deductible expenses	758,289	854,797	815,067	854,797
	35,188,083	41,628,139	35,188,083	41,571,361
Less: tax on deductible expenses	(1,755,503)	(1,490,941)	(1,755,503)	(1,434,163)
Income tax expense	33,432,580	40,137,198	33,432,580	40,137,198
Tax charge during the year	33,432,580	40,137,198	33,432,580	40,137,198

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Income tax payable:				
At the beginning of the year	65,891,226	32,498,832	65,956,923	32,512,549
Current tax expense	45,931,718	51,431,397	45,931,718	51,431,397
Tax paid during the year	(54,536,717)	(18,039,003)	(54,602,414)	(17,987,023)
At the end of the year	57,286,227	65,891,226	57,286,227	65,956,923

23 Earnings per share

Basic/diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Profit attributable to equity holders	196,099,377	231,685,083	195,720,858	231,306,563
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	8,037,749	8,037,749	8,037,749	8,037,749
Basic/diluted earnings per share (MVR per share)	24.40	28.82	24.35	28.78



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

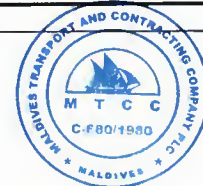
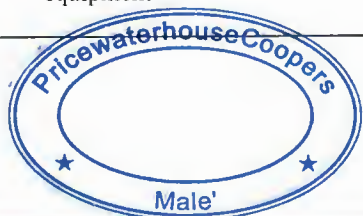
24 Cash generated from operations

Reconciliation of profit for the year to cash generated from operations:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Profit before tax for the year	229,531,957	271,822,281	229,153,438	271,443,761
Adjustments for:				
-Depreciation - (Note 6 and 6.1)	230,427,110	157,300,765	230,805,630	157,679,285
-Depreciation of right-of-use assets - (Note 6.2)	28,661,055	27,418,609	28,661,055	27,418,609
-Amortization of intangible assets (Note 7)	4,843,250	3,858,338	4,843,250	3,858,338
-Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	484,987	7,298	484,987	7,298
-Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	(346,167)	(1,280,665)	(346,167)	(1,280,665)
- Provision / (reversal of provision) for receivables	-	30,111,127	(26,163,049)	29,849,420
-Provision for slow/non moving inventories	11,144,452	3,249,594	11,144,452	3,249,594
-Provision for investments in subsidiary (Note 8.1)	-	-	3,881,884	920,391
-Provision for investments in associate (Note 8.2)	16,275,500	-	16,275,500	-
-Provision for retirement benefit (Note 17)	10,806,200	10,744,394	10,806,200	10,744,394
-Provision for defects liability (Note 19)	(24,873)	642,200	(24,873)	642,200
-Interest expenses on borrowings and overdrafts	62,617,460	35,581,094	62,617,460	35,581,094
-Interest expenses on other payables	7,396,825	2,843,524	7,396,825	2,843,524
-Interest expenses on leases	9,785,013	11,363,744	9,785,013	11,363,744
-Government subsidy (Note 18)	(346,180,912)	(144,448,835)	(346,180,912)	(144,448,835)
-Dividend income (Note 18)	(10,516,608)	(8,982,936)	(10,516,608)	(8,982,936)
-Interest income (Note 21)	(10,910,055)	(1,169,828)	(10,910,055)	(1,169,828)
Changes in working capital:				
- trade and other receivables	196,175,661	(276,349,276)	217,845,387	(281,749,575)
- inventories	(413,795,749)	(118,559,319)	(413,795,749)	(118,559,319)
- trade and other payables	646,965,752	341,063,301	647,555,188	343,684,909
Cash generated from operations	673,340,858	345,215,410	673,318,856	343,095,403

In the cash flow statement, proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment comprise:

Net book amount (Note 6)	486,275	7,546	486,275	7,546
(Loss) / profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	(138,820)	1,273,367	(138,820)	1,273,367
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	347,455	1,280,913	347,455	1,280,913



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

25 Dividends

Dividends payable are not accounted for until they have been ratified at the Annual General Meeting. Dividend of MVR 3.50 per share (2021: MVR 3.00 per share) amounting to MVR 28,132,122 has been declared in the annual general meeting held on 19 May 2022 and has been shown in the statement of changes in equity (2021: MVR 24,113,247).

26 Contingencies

Contingent liabilities

The Company enjoyed a letter of credit, bank guarantee and trust receipts facilities of MVR 164,884,350 (2021: MVR 101,789,448) as at the reporting date from local banks.

A claim amounting US\$ 2,707,995 for damages was lodged during the year 2019 against the Company by Ms. Viktoria Riiako as compensation for wrongful death of her daughter caused by an MTCC bus. However, the judge dismissed the case on the ground that two criminal cases are being filed by the state against the driver, and as such, the court could not proceed with the case as long as the criminal cases are ongoing. The Company has disclaimed the liability. No provision in relation to the claim has been recognised in the financial statements as the legal case against the Company has been dismissed and the amount of damage cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

There were no material contingent liabilities other than disclosed above as at the reporting date.

Contingent assets

There were no material contingent assets recognized at the reporting date.

27 Commitments

Capital commitments

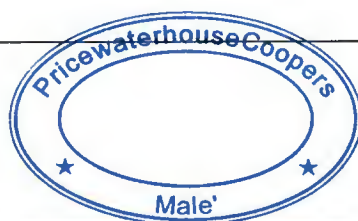
Capital commitment amounting MVR 170,337,750 was outstanding as at 31 December 2022 (2021: MVR 105,548,875).

Lease commitments where right-of-use assets and lease liability not recognised:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Less than one year MVR	Less than one year MVR	Less than one year MVR	Less than one year MVR
<i>Lease rentals falling:</i>				
Houses	1,266,685	1,266,685	2,227,383	1,266,685
Vessels	10,277,886	10,277,886	8,508,600	10,277,886
Male' land plots	4,389,794	4,389,794	4,389,794	4,389,794
	15,934,365	15,934,365	15,125,777	15,934,365

Financial commitments

There were no material financial commitments outstanding at the reporting date.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

28 Related party transactions

The Government of Maldives holds 64.20% (2021: 64.20%) of the voting rights of the Company as at 31 December 2022 and has significant influence over the financial and operating policies of the Company. Accordingly, the Company has considered the Government of Maldives as a related party according to IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company has carried out transactions with the Government of Maldives and other Government related entities in the ordinary course of business.

(i) Transactions

The following transactions were carried out, on commercial terms and conditions, with related parties:

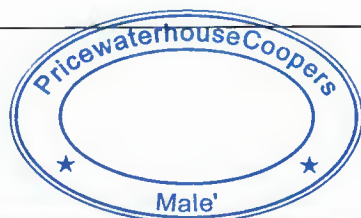
	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Construction revenue	2,279,598,647	1,403,924,935	2,279,598,647	1,403,924,935
Trading revenue	30,887,022	33,122,647	30,887,022	33,122,647
Others sales and services	67,761,329	43,094,928	67,761,329	43,094,928
Government subsidy	346,180,912	144,448,835	346,180,912	144,448,835
Construction materials purchased	907,818,996	380,846,875	907,818,996	380,846,875
Dividends paid	19,369,980	16,602,840	19,369,980	16,602,840

(ii) Receivables from related parties (Note 11)

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Construction revenue	406,744,128	381,187,814	409,494,767	383,792,995
Trading revenue	7,988,404	11,473,016	7,988,404	11,473,016
Others sales and services	64,131,930	64,063,832	64,131,930	64,063,832
Retention receivables	148,036,759	94,709,541	148,036,759	94,709,541
	626,901,221	551,434,203	629,651,860	554,039,384

(iii) Payables to related parties (Note 17)

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Construction materials purchased	39,918,607	45,402,562	39,918,607	45,402,562
Dividends	19,369,980	16,602,840	19,369,980	16,602,840
Project advances	381,280,858	198,713,232	381,280,858	198,713,232
Others goods and services purchased	106,039,676	86,679,296	106,039,676	86,679,296
	546,609,121	347,397,930	546,609,121	347,397,930



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

28 Related party transactions (continued)

(iv) Transactions with subsidiary

Name of the Company	Nature of the transaction	For the year ended		Net payable balance as at 31 December	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
Maldives Real Estate Investments Corporation Private Limited (Fully owned subsidiary)	Purchase of goods and services	-	-		
	Payments made	145,458	2,410,899	(2,750,639)	(2,605,181)

(v) Loans from a shareholder

Ministry of Finance and Treasury (Note 16)

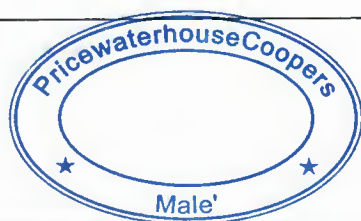
	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Trade loan	16,500,000	16,500,000	16,500,000	16,500,000
Five year subsidy loan	90,000,000	90,000,000	90,000,000	90,000,000
Ten year subsidy loan	50,844,335	50,844,335	50,844,335	50,844,335
Mudarabah equity finance	120,000,000	120,000,000	120,000,000	120,000,000
	277,344,335	277,344,335	277,344,335	277,344,335

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
The movement in the year can be analysed as follows;				
Beginning of the year	277,344,335	226,500,000	277,344,335	226,500,000
Loans received during the year	-	50,844,335	-	50,844,335
End of the year	277,344,335	277,344,335	277,344,335	277,344,335

Trade loan received from Ministry of Finance and Treasury amounting to MVR 16,500,000 (2021: MVR 16,500,000), which is unsecured and payable in three years on a monthly equal instalments and carries an interest rate of 8% per annum.

Subsidiary loan received from Ministry of Finance and Treasury amounting to MVR 90,000,000 (2021: MVR 90,000,000), which is unsecured and payable in five years on a quarterly equal instalments and carries an interest rate of 7% per annum.

Mudarabah equity finance obtained from Ministry of Finance and Treasury amounting to MVR 120 million (2021: MVR 120 million), which is unsecured, payable within 3 months with the profit share arrangement of 13% per annum from the gross profit of trading division, accordingly the amount has been shown as falling due within one year classified under amortized cost.



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

Financial statements - 31 December 2022

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

28 Related party transactions (continued)

(vi) Collectively, but not individually significant transactions

The Group has transactions with entities directly or indirectly controlled by the Government of Maldives through its authorities, agencies, affiliations and other organizations, collectively referred to as government entities. The Group has transactions with other government related entities including but not limited to sales, purchases, rendering of services, lease of assets and use of public utilities.

(vii) Payable to Maldives Ports Limited (MPL) for the acquisition of assets

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Beginning balance	20,972,772	-	20,972,772	-
Net assets acquired during the year	2,868,382	22,083,083	2,868,382	22,083,083
Amounts paid	(2,487,858)	(1,110,311)	(2,487,858)	(1,110,311)
Closing balance	21,353,296	20,972,772	21,353,296	20,972,772

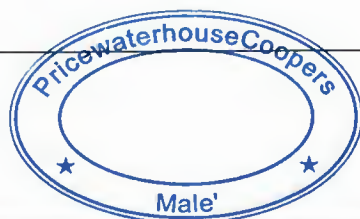
The amount payable to MPL is unsecured, carries no interest and payable on a monthly equal installments over the period of 10 years, and classified as follows;

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Within 1 year	2,512,152	2,207,664	2,512,152	2,207,664
Between 2 to 5 years	10,048,608	8,830,656	10,048,608	8,830,656
Between 6 to 10 years	8,792,536	9,934,452	8,792,536	9,934,452
	21,353,296	20,972,772	21,353,296	20,972,772

(viii) Key management remuneration

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Directors' remuneration	1,142,000	1,296,500	1,142,000	1,296,500
Key management remuneration	12,186,351	11,520,101	12,186,351	11,520,101
	13,328,351	12,816,601	13,328,351	12,816,601

Key management personnel include Company Secretary, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Internal Auditor, General Managers and Assistant General Managers.



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

29 Segment information - Group

At 31 December 2022, the Group is organized into five main business segments.

- (1) Trading : Trading of engines, generators, spare parts, lubricants, paints and industrial gas, and auctions of various products.
- (2) Construction and Dredging : Construction of harbour development projects, dredging and land reclamation, shore protection projects, sheet piling projects and civil construction projects.
- (3) Transport : Ferry service all over the atolls in Maldives and land transport services in greater Male' region.
- (4) Real Estate : Development and management of housing units and providing all kinds of repair and maintenance services.
- (5) Others : Anchoring and docking services, repair and maintenance services and ship agency services.

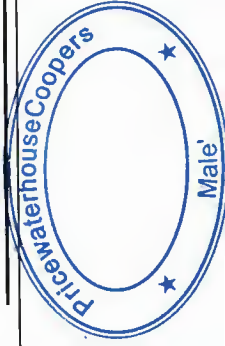
Construction and Dredging segments were aggregated into a single operating business segment considering earnings releases from the same clients, quarterly & other external reports (MMA surveyors) and based on the information which regularly reviewed by the management and board of directors.

The segment results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Real Estate	Others	Total
Total revenue	298,045,013	2,433,292,035	131,123,634	-	210,060,599	3,466,762,188
Less: Inter-segment revenue	(575,170)	(394,240,907)	(21,609,755)	-	(185,584,570)	(996,251,309)
Revenue	297,469,843	2,039,051,128	109,513,879	-	24,476,029	2,470,510,879
Other income	4,577,401	25,014,767	354,205,974	-	22,021,595	405,819,737
Operating profit / (loss)	67,308,476	232,083,646	10,987,649	(3,881,883)	17,664,735	324,162,623
Finance costs - net (Note 21)	(8,738,396)	(71,685,264)	(13,111,621)	-	(1,095,385)	(94,630,666)
Profit / (loss) before tax	58,570,080	160,398,382	(2,123,972)	(3,881,883)	16,569,350	229,531,957
Income tax	(8,545,143)	(23,401,489)	309,879	-	(1,795,827)	(33,432,580)
Profit / (loss) after tax	50,024,937	136,996,893	(1,814,093)	(3,881,883)	14,773,523	196,099,377

The segment results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are as follows:

	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Real Estate	Others	Total
Total revenue	240,709,484	1,978,358,840	78,630,718	-	117,779,667	2,415,478,709
Less: Inter-segment revenue	(808,387)	(341,781,333)	(21,051,306)	-	(84,854,416)	(448,495,442)
Revenue	239,901,097	1,636,577,507	57,579,412	-	32,925,251	1,966,983,267
Other income	5,132,937	6,181,833	151,714,075	-	20,139,772	183,168,617
Operating profit / (loss)	36,298,016	291,881,472	3,923,751	(920,391)	(11,930,357)	319,252,491
Finance costs - net (Note 21)	(4,081,098)	(34,796,227)	(7,656,312)	-	(896,573)	(47,430,210)
Profit / (loss) before tax	32,216,918	257,085,245	(3,732,561)	(920,391)	(12,826,930)	271,822,281
Income tax	(4,763,774)	(38,014,067)	551,917	-	2,088,726	(40,137,198)
Profit / (loss) after tax	27,453,144	219,071,178	(3,180,644)	(920,391)	(10,738,204)	231,685,083



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

29 Segment information - Group (continued)

Other segment items included in the Group income statement are as follows:

	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Real Estate	Others	Total
Year ended 31 December 2022						
Depreciation (Note 6)	2,471,216	163,128,245	43,823,887	-	18,695,949	228,119,298
Reversal of impairment for trade receivables (Note 1)	(2,439,705)	(14,496,607)	(233,951)	-	(5,112,809)	(22,283,072)
Reversal of Impairment loss on other receivables (Note 11)	-	-	-	-	(116,943)	(116,943)
Impairment for inventories (Note 12)	-	-	-	-	11,144,452	11,144,452
Amortization (Note 7)	101,227	31,396	-	-	4,710,627	4,843,250
Year ended 31 December 2021						
Depreciation (Note 6)	1,680,675	115,289,348	24,644,702	-	12,977,488	154,592,213
Impairment for trade receivables (Note 11)	463,873	2,756,313	44,482	-	1,233,831	4,498,500
Impairment loss on other receivables (Note 11)	-	-	-	-	25,612,627	25,612,627
Impairment for inventories (Note 12)	4,162,732	2,834,652	(120,462)	-	(3,627,328)	3,249,594
Amortization (Note 7)	80,642	25,011	-	-	3,752,685	3,858,338

The segment assets and liabilities of the Group at 31 December 2022 and capital expenditure for the year then ended are as follows:

	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Real Estate	Others	Total
Assets	287,415,446	2,752,962,444	789,216,961	-	564,207,265	4,393,802,116
Liabilities	199,708,466	1,879,306,475	398,146,881	-	257,920,775	2,735,082,597
Capital expenditure (Note 6 and 7)	4,077,410	494,353,177	267,508,491	-	40,077,203	806,016,281

The segment assets and liabilities of the Group at 31 December 2021 and capital expenditure for the year then ended are as follows:

	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Real Estate	Others	Total
Assets	289,370,630	2,068,006,920	454,268,813	-	356,202,421	3,167,848,784
Liabilities	180,980,731	1,198,087,652	154,406,746	-	251,792,644	1,785,267,773
Capital expenditure (Note 6 and 7)	2,954,350	232,639,217	80,820,909	-	19,183,098	335,597,574



MALDIVES TRANSPORT AND CONTRACTING COMPANY PLC

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

29 Segment information - Company

At 31 December 2022, the Company is organized into four main business segments.

- (1) Trading : Trading of engines, generators, spare parts, lubricants, paints and industrial gas, and auctions of various products.
- (2) Construction and Dredging : Construction of harbour development projects, dredging and land reclamation, shore protection projects, sheet piling projects and civil construction projects.
- (3) Transport : Ferry service all over the atolls in Maldives and land transport services in greater Male' region.
- (4) Others : Anchoring and docking services, repair and maintenance services and ship agency services.

Construction and Dredging segments were aggregated into a single operating business segment considering earnings releases from the same clients, quarterly & other external reports (MMA surveyors) and based on the information which regularly reviewed by the management and board of directors.

The segment results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Others	Total
Total revenue	298,045,013	2,433,292,035	131,123,634	210,060,599	3,072,521,281
Less: Inter-segment revenue	(575,170)	(394,240,907)	(21,609,755)	(185,584,570)	(602,010,402)
Revenue	297,469,843	2,039,051,128	109,513,879	24,476,029	2,470,510,879
Other income	4,577,401	28,777,801	354,205,974	22,017,432	409,578,608
Operating profit	67,308,476	232,083,646	10,987,649	13,404,333	323,784,104
Finance costs - net (Note 21)	(8,738,396)	(71,685,264)	(13,111,621)	(1,095,385)	(94,630,666)
Profit / (loss) before tax	58,570,080	160,398,382	(2,123,972)	12,308,948	229,153,438
Income tax	(8,545,143)	(23,401,489)	309,879	(1,795,827)	(33,432,580)
Profit / (loss) after tax	50,024,937	136,996,893	(1,814,093)	10,513,121	195,720,858

The segment results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 are as follows:

	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Others	Total
Total revenue	240,709,484	1,978,358,840	78,630,718	117,779,667	2,415,478,709
Less: Inter-segment revenue	(808,387)	(341,781,333)	(21,051,306)	(84,854,416)	(448,495,442)
Revenue	239,901,097	1,636,577,507	57,579,412	32,925,251	1,966,983,267
Other income	5,132,937	6,181,833	151,714,075	20,139,772	183,168,617
Operating profit / (loss)	36,298,016	291,881,472	3,923,751	(13,229,268)	318,873,971
Finance costs - net (Note 21)	(4,081,098)	(34,796,227)	(7,656,312)	(896,573)	(47,430,210)
Profit / (loss) before tax	32,216,918	257,085,245	(3,732,561)	(14,125,841)	271,443,761
Income tax	(4,763,774)	(38,014,067)	551,917	2,088,726	(40,137,198)
Profit / (loss) after tax	27,453,144	219,071,178	(3,180,644)	(12,037,115)	231,306,563



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

29 Segment information - Company (continued)

Other segment items included in the Company income statement are as follows:

	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Others	Total
Year ended 31 December 2022					
Depreciation (Note 6)	2,471,216	163,128,245	43,823,887	18,695,949	228,119,298
Reversal of impairment loss on financial and contract assets	(2,439,705)	(14,496,607)	(233,951)	(5,112,809)	(22,283,072)
Provision for impairment of investments (Note 08)	-	-	-	3,881,884	3,881,884
Reversal of impairment loss on other receivables (Note 11)	-	-	-	(3,879,977)	(3,879,977)
Impairment for inventories (Note 12)	-	-	-	11,144,452	11,144,452
Amortization (Note 7)	101,227	31,396	-	4,710,627	4,843,250
Year ended 31 December 2021					
Depreciation (Note 6)	1,680,675	115,289,348	24,644,702	12,977,488	154,592,213
Impairment loss on financial and contract assets (Note 11)	463,873	2,756,313	44,482	972,124	4,236,793
Provision for impairment of investments (Note 08)	-	-	-	920,391	920,391
Impairment loss on other receivables (Note 11)	-	-	-	25,612,627	25,612,627
Impairment for inventories (Note 12)	4,162,732	2,834,652	(120,462)	(3,627,328)	3,249,594
Amortization (Note 7)	80,642	25,011	-	3,752,685	3,858,338

The segment assets and liabilities of the Company at 31 December 2022 and capital expenditure for the year then ended are as follows:

	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Others	Total
Assets	287,415,446	2,752,962,444	789,216,961	566,787,342	4,396,382,193
Liabilities	199,708,466	1,879,306,475	398,146,881	257,914,299	2,735,076,121
Capital expenditure (Note 6 and 7)	4,077,410	494,353,177	267,508,491	40,077,203	806,016,281

The segment assets and liabilities of the Company at 31 December 2021 and capital expenditure for the year then ended are as follows:

	Trading	Construction and Dredging	Transport	Others	Total
Assets	289,370,630	2,068,006,920	454,268,813	358,637,278	3,170,283,641
Liabilities	180,980,731	1,198,087,652	154,406,746	251,262,429	1,784,737,558
Capital expenditure (Note 6 and 7)	2,954,350	232,639,217	80,820,909	19,183,098	335,597,574



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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(all amounts in Maldivian Rufiyaa unless otherwise stated)

30 Summary of acquisition

On 1 July 2021 MTCC Plc acquired public transport services of Maldives Ports Limited. The acquisition has increased the scale of operation under the transport division.

The assets and liabilities recognised at cost as a result of the acquisition are as follows:

	2022	2021
Property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	2,868,382	68,947,159
Intangible assets (Note 7)	-	1,597,321
Inventories	-	2,946,903
Subsidiary Loan [Note 28 (v)]	-	(50,844,335)
Employee retirement benefit (Note 17)	-	(563,965)
Net assets acquired	2,868,382	22,083,083

Purchase consideration of MVR 22,083,083 payable to Maldives Ports Limited was accounted as part of the acquisition during the year 2021. New properties amounting to MVR 2,868,323 was acquired during the year 2022 and payable balance after accounting for new acquisition and adjustment for the repayment of MVR 2,487,858 (2021 : MVR 1,110,311) is shown under Note 28 (vii).

31 Events after the reporting date

No significant events have occurred since the reporting date, which would require adjustments to, or disclosure in, the financial statements.

